THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1868. NUMBER 139

The Daily Constitution.

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

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All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than ONE DOLLAR.

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Estray Notices, 60 days..... 3 00
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TIME REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued accordingly to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; R. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	6.30 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.00 A.M.
Leave Augusta	10.00 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, ——— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; Jno. F. GRANT, Superintendent; R. R. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta;

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.26 A.M.
Arrive at West Point	12.30 P.M.
Leave West Point	12.50 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.35 P.M.

NIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3.00 P.M.
Arrive at West Point	11.05 P.M.
Leave West Point	3.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10.00 A.M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta;

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.25 A.M.
Arrive at Macon	4.30 P.M.
Leave Macon	5.40 A.M.
Arrive Atlanta	2.00 P.M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.30 P.M.
Arrive at Macon	3.10 A.M.
Leave Macon	5.40 P.M.
Arrive Atlanta	4.10 A.M.

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., January 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	8 o'clock, A.M.
Close at	12½ o'clock, P.M.
Open at	2 o'clock, P.M.
Close at	6 o'clock, P.M.

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A.M.
Close at	10 o'clock, A.M.

feb19—tf THOS. G. SIMMS, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FRANK MILLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. NALL, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. C. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; H. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; C. BRUMLEY, W. A. ORME, Delivery Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; P. H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arrive	Mails C'se.
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A. M.	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga	7.45 A.M.	4.30 P.M.
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	4.30 P.M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.30 P.M.	6 A.M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	9.00 P.M.	6.45 A.M.
Macon	4.0. A.M.	6 P.M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.30 A.M.	6 P.M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P.M.	7 A.M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.30 P.M.	7 A.M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.---Weekly---Saturdays.
Newnan to Carrollton and Bowdon---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Newnan to Franklin---semi-Weekly---Wednesdays and Saturdays.
LaGrange to Griffin---Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.
LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton---Tri-Weekly.
Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville---Tri-Weekly.
Lawrenceville to Gainesville---Weekly---Saturdays.
Athens to Gainesville---Semi-Weekly---Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee---Weekly---Tuesdays.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, charged for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

G. H. & A. W. FORBE, Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keep on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. july16-dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., Whitehall street, 2d door above Lynch & Co.'s Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing in good style and warranted. nov13—dly

W. G. BUSH. T. H. JOHNSON. B. B. LOCKETT.

BUSH, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

CASH DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Collections attended to and Remittances promptly made.

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

MACON.

PLANTERS' WAREHOUSE.

ADAMS, JONES & REYNOLDS,

WAREHOUSE

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

NEW FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,

Near Passenger Depot,

Corner Forsyth and Poplar Streets,

ABRAM B. ADAMS,
PEYTON REYNOLDS,
DONALD B. JONES,
} MACON, GEORGIA.

oct22-dtm

THOS. HARDEMAN, JR. O. O. SPARKS.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS,

Commission Merchants,

Macon, Ga.

TO THE PLANTERS

IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.

The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friends we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.

Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop.

sep28-d3m

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA.

june16-d6m

R. R. BROWN. W. P. BROWN.

BROWN'S HOTEL,

(Opposite Depot)

MACON GA.

THIS long and well known Hotel, with its unequaled system, still presents itself to the traveling public.

The House was opened on the 1st of January, 1856, and took at once a prominent position among the "first class" Hotels of the country. It has never been closed since, but it has been steadily increasing in prosperity, till it acknowledges no successful rival in the business in the State.

Recent improvements and refurnishing of the House, which is still in the hands of the Proprietors, have left nothing to be desired by those who love their ease and enjoy the comforts and luxuries of life. The Hotel is admirably situated for the convenience of the travelling public, being situated opposite the Passenger Depot, and but a few steps from the same. It has a retinue of well trained servants in every department, and the Proprietors will spare no pains or expense to sustain the established reputation of the Hotel. Special attention paid to the wants of lady guests, who may sojourn at the House, and none shall go away dissatisfied, if an earnest endeavor to please will secure a liberal share of the public patronage.

feb16-dtf

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.

COLLIER & BOYS

Having assumed the management of this House, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Free Omnibus to and from the House. Attentive Porters. oct8-d3m

SAVANNAH.

H. W. MERCER, EDWARD C. ANDERSON, JR.,
Late Cashier Planters' Bank of Georgia.

MERCER & ANDERSON,

BANKERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SAVANNAH, GA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COTTON.

Liberal advances made on Consignments to us for sale, or Shipment to our friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Liverpool.

Wishing to aid our Planter friends in their efforts to secure for themselves the full benefit of their Cotton Crops, we have determined to make advances on Cotton consigned to us on the following easy terms:

On Cotton, for sale at discretion, advance seventy-five (75) per cent. of its market value, charging interest on the advance until the Cotton is sold at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Thirty Days, advancing fifty (50) per cents. of market value, charging the regular commision for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Sixty Days, fifty (50) per cent of its market value, charging commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of one (1) per cent per month.

In all cases the advance will be based upon the market value of the Cotton on the day it reaches us.

MERCER & ANDERSON.

oct10d3m

P. E. MCDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MOSES.

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our service in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best interior cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation; being on the direct route from the producing district to the large seaport marts, and having the advantage of three routes to New York, via Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk, all of which are freely and satisfactorily used. The importance of Atlanta as a cotton market was, during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases, which in the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely sheltered, and fire-proof. Every security and facility usual in cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

sep27-dtm

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 24.

Southern Farming in the Future.

From the Macon Journal and Messenger.]

Our people may be slow to learn that the system of farming so pleasant and profitable in 1858, will not do for 1868, but learn it they will, and learn it, we believe, to their great advantage, too. The day of large plantations is gone forever. It received its death wound simultaneously with slavery. Whether the only system now practicable—that of small farms—will do for us what the other did, is a question to be answered by future developments.

We are glad to see, however, that the experiment is being urged with such zeal, and its promising results so forcibly stated by many of the wisest and most practical minds at the South. The Press is unusually active, and the deep interest roused among the people by its efforts, is cropping out everywhere in the shape of county meetings in the interest of agriculture, and a keen spirit of emulation to secure prizes for success in its practical operations. There never was a better time for taking a new point of departure, either. Just now politics are stagnant. The issues that have divided the people are practically settled for four years, at least. There is nothing to be made by their discussion, except to keep alive in men's hearts the fire of the true faith. Instinct will do that pretty effectually. Terrorism has failed to effect that, and blandishment and the debauching influence of Federal patronage will be equally impotent. What better time, then, for striking out boldly in new paths that promise so well for all our material interests?

Admitting that the system of small farms must be adopted, hereafter, the question comes up, what position shall the negro hold in it? Some leave him out altogether, relying upon emigration to supply his place. If this were practicable, perhaps it would be best. But it is not, at least now. We have him and we must use him. His labor is skilled, it suits our climate, our soil, and our ways. We know him and his idiosyncracies and capacities, and he knows ours. If not meddled with we can get along with him better than with any other class in the world. It is not at all essential that he should give place to the white man from a foreign country even with the small farm system thoroughly established all over the South. If he refuses to work, of course he will go to the wall. But if he will work, and work passably well, as we believe he will, for moderate wages, he is just the farm hand we want. We see no earthly reason why two or three, or a half dozen negroes on a farm, may not work as well, if not better than fifty or one hundred on a plantation.

The worthy and industrious among them will find no difficulty in procuring constant employment, and as they will be well known in their neighborhoods, the hirer will run little risk of making contracts with the idle and worthless. Indeed there will be no room or place for the latter class. Reduced as their number has been by and since the war, they would soon find that there was no alternative but to answer, with their bone and muscle, the imperative need of a demand largely in excess of supply, or starve. As long as the farmer cultivates a large area poorly, he will be dependent on the negro and pay a high price for poor work. But if he adopts the small farm system, he will lessen the demand for labor, and thus be able to secure good work at moderate prices. Let us push on this small farm experiment, then, and with negro labor, too. If it does not work well, we can gradually rid ourself of it. That it will not be necessary we firmly believe. To those who may be disposed to hang back, and doubt and croak, we say there is neither wisdom or patriotism in such a course. The man who does so is an enemy to himself, to his fellows, and to his country. He is a veritable dog in the manger, who deserves all the ills that will follow this cling to a shadow after the substance has departed.

The Difficulty at Athens.

Correspondence of the Atlanta Intelligencer.]

ATHENS, GA., Nov. 22, 1868.

A very regrettable difficulty took place yesterday evening in this town, between Mr. Knox, Agent of the Freedmen's Bureau, and Mr. Tom. Frierson, a young man belonging to one of the most respectable families of Athens, which resulted in Mr. Knox's shooting Mr. Frierson in the leg just above the knee, inflicting a severe, if not a dangerous wound.

The cause of the collision is not very well understood. It is reported, however, that some misunderstanding has existed between the parties for some time, and that angry messages have passed between them; but nothing serious occurred until yesterday, when Knox shot Frierson on the stair case leading to Knox's office. Mr. Knox was promptly arrested by the municipal authorities, to whom he readily submitted, and a formal examination will take place to-morrow.

The negroes were very much excited all last night, and paraded the streets with bludgeons, old swords, and crazy firelocks of various descriptions, determined to do or die in defense of Knox, whom nobody threatened to assail, and against whom there was no apparent excitement or ill will.

Mr. Knox is said to have telegraphed immediately after he shot Frierson, to the authorities at Atlanta to send troops here to prevent a riot, and I learn that a special train with a detachment has just arrived. So far as the white population and the civil authorities are concerned, I can see no possible need of military interference. The former have no feeling in the matter but one of regret that the peace and good order of the town have been disturbed, and of sympathy with the wounded young man and his family, and the authorities are resolved to do their whole duty, and vindicate the law,

Mr. Knox need not dread any personal violence or popular vengeance. He is as safe in the protection of the Mayor and police as if he was at home in Michigan, and if there be any danger of a riot it must be among the negroes, who have been very wickedly excited by the indiscreet friends of Mr. Knox.

The whole community regrets the occurrence, and if Mr. Knox reports the exact state of the case, he must admit that during his stay here in the discharge of his odious duties, he has had no just cause of offense against the people, except it be the entire unanimity with which they oppose the politics of Mr. Knox and his ill-judged advice towards the negroes.

I will write again to-morrow.

CURIOUS FREAK OF NATURE.—Mr. J. E. Hardman, of this county, has laid upon our sanctum table, a something—we don't know what to call it. It looks like a sweet potato, and he says he dug it out of his potato patch, but to us it has the appearance of a human form of diminutive stature. It has neither head nor arms, but with those exceptions the body of a man is almost complete. It will be retained on exhibition at our office, (we are afraid to put it in the pot, not being partial to human flesh,) and the gentlemen of Morgan are invited to examine this curious freak of nature.—*Madison Auditor.*

INDIAN RAIDS IN ARIZONIA.—*San Francisco, Nov.* 17.—Arizona advices to Oct. 31, say that the Indians have begun a vigorous warfare. Four successful raids have been made against the whites near Prescott. Two men had been killed and five wounded.

The Minority.

DUTY OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN THE PRESENT EMERGENCY.

From the Chicago Times.]

No man is so wise as to be above the uses of good advice. The representatives of the Democratic party that have been elected to Congress and to the several Legislatures are not supposed to be citizens in whom wisdom and statesmanship have reached the no-more-beyond state of perfectness.

In the next Congress, as in the present and the two preceding, the Democratic representatives will stand in the minority. The same will be the case in the Legislature of Illinois, and in all the Northern Legislatures but one or two.

It is said, with truth, that a party can fight better in opposition to, than in support of, an existing administration. But it is not always observable that the representative men of parties do fight better so. The Democratic representatives have not always done so. They have not done so at any time since they fell into the minority in the Thirty-eighth Congress.

They have been impelled too generally by one idea—the idea of opposing everything which the dominant party favored, and apparently for no better reason than because the dominant party favored it. "Can any good thing come out of Nazareth?" they have asked; and, without taking the trouble to examine whether the thing be good or bad, they have voted "No." No party in the world ever won popular sympathy on that unreasoning monosyllable. None ever deserved to. Indiscriminate hostility to, and denunciation of anything and everything that somebody else may propose, without candid and honest examination of its merits, never failed to gain for an individual the detestation of the majority among his acquaintances. Such a person is always without influence. It is the same with parties and their representatives.

The exceeding meagerness of the Democratic minority in the present Congress may have afforded some excuse for the wholly negative course of Democratic Congressmen. They could not gain recognition for any positive influence, because no question was likely to arise on which they might possess the "balance of power." Two-thirds of both houses, thoroughly organized and directed as a unit by the behests of King Caucus, could do and undo in the pleasure of an arbitrary will, regardless of reason, of law, and of everything else. In this situation, it seems useless for the minority to say any thing. It would have been better, sometimes, if they had not said anything.

But, in the next Congress, the excuse of extreme meagerness in the minority will not exist. The Democratic Reprtsentatives will comprise more than one-third of the Lower House. The number will not be sufficient to inaugurate and carry out any positive measure of legislation; but it will be enough to constitute a power that will command the respect of the majority, and win the confidence and approval of the country against any very wrong act that the majority may do, provided it be made to deserve them.

To that end, it is suggested that Democratic Representatives shall henceforward abandon the policy which while proposing nothing, opposes every thing that any other body proposes, and gives no honest reason for any thing. What further use is there to fight in a direction where further defeat must be certain and inevitable? Why, for example, seek to prevent the execution of the Radical "reconstruction" act? Why talk about State rights, or Federal intervention? Why stand back and hurl the epithet "unconstitutional" at measures and doctrines which the people have already passed upon and approved? Is this the business of statesmen? Is this the way to win popular favor?

The Democratic minority should go forward not backward. It should not stand still. It should examine all questions that arise, not in the light of past events, or of existing prejudices; but with thoughtful and earnest considerations of the future. It should labor, not so much to undo wrong, as to establish right; not so much to pull down falsehood, as to raise up truth. It should prove its own honest purpose to do right by approving of whatever is right, though it be proposed by a foe, as earnestly as if it had been proposed by a friend. It should prove its faith by its works. It should demonstrate its possession of political wisdom by earnest examination, by serious reason, and by positive argument; and not commit the folly of further indulgence in mere negative denunciation. It should establish its claim to popular confidence by deserving it.

If the Democratic minority shall pursue such a course, it will be the party in the majority within two years, as surely as time shall continue. If it shall not do so, nothing is surer than that its leaders—every man of them—will be thrown overboard by the people. There must be either a new game or a new deal. The Democratic minorities in Congress and in the State Legislatures can and will determine which it shall be.

From the Savannah News.]

United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of Georgia.

Hon. John Erskine, Judge, Presiding.

SATURDAY, November 21, 1868.

The Circuit Court met at ten o'clock this morning.

A question upon which the District Court Grand Jurors were divided in opinion, and which had caused them to abstain from proceeding with business on the preceding day, was presented for the opinion of the Court by United States District Attorney Fitch. The question was as to whether an accused person had the right or privilege to be present at the deliberations of the Grand Jury upon his case.

The Court said that in the case *The State vs. Fassett.* 16 *Conn*, 458, it was said that the party accused might be present at the examination of witnesses; but this rule was peculiar to the State of Connecticut and appears to have been established by length of time and liberality of practice, but was not a rule of common law in the United States Courts.

With reference to the duties and obligations of Grand Jurors, the Judge said:

"When the Grand Jury is empannelled it is attached to the Court, and may be said to constitute a part of it, and to be under its judicial direction, control and protection. And should any witness be disrespectful, or refuse to be sworn or to give testimony, it will become your duty to require the officer in attendance upon you to conduct him before the Court that he may be punished for the contempt."

The Court also read sec. 29 of the Act of March 2, 1867, 14th stat. U. S., 484, as follows:

Sec. 29.—That no person shall mix for sale naphta and illuminating oils, or shall knowingly sell or keep for sale, or offer for sale such mixture, or shall sell or offer for sale oil made from petroleum for illuminating purposes, inflammable at a less temperature of fire test than one hundred and ten degrees Fahrenheit; and any person so doing shall be held to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof by indictment or presentment by any Court of the United States having competent jurisdiction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and by imprisonment for a term of not less than six months nor more than three years."

COIN IN THE TREASURY.—The amount of coin in the United States Treasury at this date is above $67,000,000, of which $23,000,000 are represented by gold certificates.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

The Erie Railroad in the Hands of a Receiver.

Seymour's Official Majority in New York.

Reported Insurrections Unfounded

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Judge Southerland placed the Erie Railroad in the hands of ex-Judge Davis as Receiver.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 24.—The schooner Kate Wentworth put into Norfolk in distress. She lost her main boom and sails in Friday's gale.

ALBANY, Nov. 24.—The official majority of Stony over Roberts, who heads the Electoral ticket, is just ten thousand. Average majority for Seymour electors, nine thousand nine hundred and sixty-three.

HAVANA, Nov. 24.—The resignation of Negid, as Minister of War, is considered certain.

The reported insurrection in Sierra and Pueblo, was unfounded.

The Secretary of the Treasury complains that Custom House officers disregard his instructions.

The American schooner Eugenie, from Nantia for Galveston, is wrecked.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 24.—Gold 1 34¼. Money easy at 5@6. Flour dull and drooping. Wheat unchanged. Corn 1c better. Mess pork nominal 27 50. Lard quiet; steam 16¾@16¾. Cotton very firm at 25. Turpentine quiet at 27½@28. Rosin quiet. Freights quiet.

LONDON, November 24.—yesterday noon, Consols 94¼. Bonds 74¾. Sugar on spot dull, afloat declining.

FRANKFORT, November 24.—Bonds 79¾.

LIVERPOOL, November 24, noon.—Cotton firmer but not higher; sales 15,000 bales; shipments from Bombay to the 13th, 5,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, November 24.—Yesterday evening Cotton active; uplands on spot 11½d, afloat 10¾d; Orleans 11¾d; sales 20,000 bales. Breadstuffs and provisions quiet. Common rosin firm.

LONDON, November 24.—yesterday evening, Turpentine 20s. 9d. Tallow 51s. 9d.

HAVRE November 24.—Yesterday, Cotton active on spot and afloat

THE CASE OF W. J. BRANNAN.

Important Decision—Military Tribunals Unconstitutional.

During the recent session of Baldwin Superior Court, Judge Robinson delivered his opinion in the case of W. J. Brannan, who being confined in the State Penitentiary, sued out a writ of *habeas corpus*, on the ground that his confinement was illegal. Judge Robinson sustained the application and ordered the principal keeper of the Penitentiary to deliver the applicant into the hands of the Sheriff of Decatur county, from whose custody Brannan had been taken by the military authorities.

The main facts of this case are these:—Some time last spring Brannan, in a street fight in the town of Bainbridge, killed a man named Bell, and for which he was immediately arrested by the civil authorities and bound over to stand his trial at the ensuing term of the Superior Court of that county.

After he had been arrested and had given bail, he was, by the order of Gen. Meade, re-arrested by the Military Commandant at that post, and subsequently tried for murder by a military court organized by Meade. He was, by this military tribunal, found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and be imprisoned on the Dry Tortugas for the term of his natural life. Gen. Meade approved the finding of the Court, but remitted one-half the fine and reduced the confinement to twenty years.

While being conducted through Florida by a military guard to a shipping port for the Tortugas, Brannan's friends sued out a writ of *habeas corpus* from a Judge of the Superior Court of that State, who, upon a hearing of the case, ordered the release of the prisoner. Meade was immediately telegraphed to, who, in reply, removed the Judge from his office and ordered the guard to return with their prisoner to Georgia and deliver him to the keeper of the State Penitentiary, where he has been ever since confined.

During the session of Putnam Court, Judge Lochrane argued the case before Judge Robinson for the prisoner, and Solicitor General Jordan for the State. The opinion was held up until last week, when, as we have said, Judge R. sustained the writ and ordered the prisoner to be remanded into the hands of the Sheriff of Decatur county. We learn that the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts was not decided by the court, the decision being made upon the point that the conviction was illegal *because the right to a trial by jury was denied the prisoner*, and that so much and such parts of the reconstruction acts as deprived persons accused of crime of the right to trial by jury *was unconstitutional.—Augusta Chronicle.*

☞ The movement in favor of women's voting is advancing in England much more decisively than in the United States. No less a man than Mr. Gladstone has given it his approbation so far that he thinks that widows and spinsters who own property of their own ought to have the right to vote upon it on the same conditions as men. Where the possession of property forms a qualification for voters, as in England, it is easier to confer the franchise upon women than in a country where manhood suffrage is the prevailing rule.—*N. Y. Sun.*

DEAD.—We regret to learn the death, on Thursday last, of Hon. W. M. Butts, a member of the House of Representatives, from Marion county. He was out hunting and died very suddenly, it is supposed from apoplexy.—*Journal and Messenger.*

☞ Wm. Brenan, Sheriff of Decatur county, Ga., who was tried by military commission for killing a negro, in the discharge of his duty, during the April election, has been acquitted.

THE CITY.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL.—Gen. Joseph E. Johnston arrived in Atlanta this morning, and is a guest at the National.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to meet in the city this morning, our esteemed friend and talented cotemporary, Col. A. E. Lamar, of the Columbus Sun. He is stopping at the United States Hotel, where his numerous friends can find him for a few days.

ENTERTAINMENT TO-NIGHT AT DAVIS' THEATRE.—We hope the friends of the Y. M. I. A. will bear in mind that Professor Hasselmayer, the accomplished Wizard and expert in Asiatic necromancy, will give his second and last entertainment, for the benefit of that popular institution, to-night at Davis' Theatre. To those who have witnessed the Professor's performances, it is useless for us to say anything. Those who have not will embrace the opportunity, in all means, to go, as this will be their last opportunity.

A most interesting episode in the performance for to-night will be the delivering of a Memorial Address, by Mr. John W. Fewell, a young gentleman of Virginia. This address is mainly a tribute of respect to the heroes that fell at Manassas. We have heard it very highly spoken of, and have no doubt that it will be "rich, rare, and racy," abounding in those sentiments which are most honorable and dear to the Southern heart.

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MORE THAN ANY TWO.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 25.

For Congress, Seventh District,

GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG,

OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations
FOR CONGRESS.

1. A. H. HANSELL, of Thomas.
2. ANDERSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
5. WIER BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

The Georgia Agricultural an Mechanical Association.

To give time for a full and perfect organization and to secure a combination of all the leading interests of the State, the Executive Committee, appointed for the purpose, will call a meeting to be held in Macon on the 10th of December, proximo, at which time a Constitution and Charter for the Georgia Agricultural and Mechanical Association will be submitted for adoption.

All citizens of the State are invited to attend.

GEO. S. OBEAR,
CHAS. J. HARRIS,
JAMES A. NISBET,
L. N. WHITTLE,
JOS. CLISBY,
} Committee.

Farmers' State Convention.

The Putnam County Agricultural Society have called a Convention of the Farmers of Georgia, to be held in Macon the second Wednesday in December next, for the purpose of organizing a State Immigration Society.

Convention—To Planters, Manufacturers and Mechanics.

The old Cotton Planters' Convention convened, after the war, in Macon on the 6th of September, 1866, met again, in Milledgeville, in November, 1866, and changed its name to "Agricultural and Manufacturing Association of the State of Georgia," with a view of enlarging its operations, and inviting the co-operation of every industrial interest of the State.

By resolution, this new Association was to have met at Milledgeville, simultaneously with the Legislature, in November, 1867. Owing to the political changes in the State, and excitement of the public mind, it was deemed advisable to postpone said contemplated Convention till a time more opportune for useful deliberation.

Deeming that period to have arrived, I hereby call a Convention of that Association to meet in the city of Macon, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of December, proximo.

Planters, farmers, manufacturers in cotton, wool, iron, wood, and mechanics, and every industrial interest of the State, are earnestly invited to send to that Convention intelligent Representatives to deliberate for the advancement and development of the industrial interests of the State.

The Committee recently appointed in the city of Macon, to make provision for holding an Agricultural and Industrial Fair in that city at a future day, are respectfully requested to provide a hall for the convention.

The newspaper Press of the State, I feel assured, will manifest its characteristic liberality, in behalf of the material interests of the State, by publishing this call, and keeping it before the people till day of meeting.

BEN. C. YANCEY,
President Agricultural and Manufacturing Association of the State of Georgia.

ATHENS, GA., NOV. 13, 1868.

STATE AGRICULTURAL AND IMMIGRATION CONVENTION.—It is very important to the future of Georgia that she be largely represented in the Agricultural and Immigration Convention which meets in Macon, Wednesday, the 9th of December. Every county in the State should be represented. The Convention will, we believe, do much towards inaugurating a new agricultural era in this State. It will bring our people together upon a platform on which they can all agree—the material interests of the Empire State. We are pleased to note, since the election, the zeal of our people in the questions which will occupy the Convention,

We trust Fulton county will be fully represented. Her citizens should hold a county meeting at as early a day as practicable and appoint delegates. For this purpose, we would suggest a meeting at the City Hall in this city on the first Tuesday in December.

☞ With politics, for a season, out of the way, we are pleased to note the zeal with which the newspaper press of the South is addressing itself to the real wants of the people. If we would be truly independent, we must dig it from the earth. With a restored prosperity, we will wield a commanding influence in the commerce as well as the politics of the country. The press has a high mission to fill, and we are glad to observe the energy with which it enters upon the task.

☞ William Oland Borne still claims to be the author of "The Flaunting Lie." In our judgment, there is but one way in which to clearly establish his claim—write another equal to it. This, so far as we have seen, he has not done. The Recorder comes to his rescue by producing the invocation, "I Love the Flag," in support of his pretensions. If he can adduce no better proof than this, we would advise him, without further comment, to abandon the claim.

☞ It is said that the insurrection in Cuba is "breaking up." This may be true, since the existing government is "breaking" with it. The overthrow of one leaves no foothold for the other. The insurgents are masters of the situation. So the watchword now is Cuban Independence or annexation to the United States.

☞ Gen. Butler, of late, has fallen desperately in love with the South. He gives vent to his long repressed tenderness in a letter to the Louisville Journal. While the South may not reciprocate the passion, she will remain passive, even on the spoon question.

☞ Radical figures on the election in this State are as reckless as the lofty leaping of Sam Patch.

The Paraguayan Imbroglio.

Our readers are familiar with a "little unpleasantness" which has existed for some time down in South America, between the provinces of Brazil on the one side, Buenos Ayres and Uruguay on the other, in an unequal and cruel alliance against Paraguay, a snug little power cozily nestled between the Empire of Brazil and the Argentine Republic. In this state of armed hostility neutral powers, of course, are watched with a jealous eye. It appears that the United States Minister at Paraguay, one of the numberless Washburne family, while representing his government, whether with dignity, indifference and obliviousness to the petty little feuds raging around him, or not, at least permitted himself, under the bewitching influence of the snug little sum of $140,000, to be inveigled into the performance of a part, which it does not appear that Secretary Seward empowered him to play. At all events Washburne and two of his *attaches* were drawn into an ugly scrape, terminating in the arrest and imprisonment of the Secretaries of Legation, while Washburne, "skedaddled" in time to save his neck. Bliss, one of the party, now a prisoner, writes a letter in which he charges Washburne with a conspiracy, having for its object the life of Lopez, President of Paraguay. Lopez, being a spunkey man, was not to be made the victim of foreign intrigue, nor to suffer the disgrace of a rather severe criticism, which, it is alleged, Washburne indited against him while reposing in the security of Buenos Ayres. The *finale* was that without ceremony, or the usual form of leavestaking, our heroic Ambassador, in the language of the New York Tribune, "sneaked home like a coward." The after part of this comico-tragedy is yet to be played. One fact is fixed—the flag of Uncle Samuel has been insulted, and American citizens are prison-bound in a foreign land. They may or may not be released according to the ordinary demand of diplomacy, and a satisfactory explanation may be given or withheld from the Government, since Mr. Washburne left rather too precipitately to have borne with him as *charge d' Affaires*, any authoritative account of the affair to the Department of State at Washington. At least, if nothing else will suffice to rectify matters, we may pattern after the British government, and send Sir Charles Napier the 2nd to Abyssinian Paraguay, No. 2. A formidable American squadron dispatched to Brazilian waters would, no doubt, have a salutary effect, even on the defiant Lopez. One fact is evident—the flag has been insulted and it must be vindicated. The dishonor will have to be wiped out, and the prisoners set free. A few American war vessels dispatched in quest of the flag which our Minister seems to have lost sight of in his hurry to save himself, as well as his unfortunate countrymen, who, for prudential reasons, in common with the flag he saw fit to desert, would no doubt set matters right again. This is rather a new as well as an unfortunate *role* for our Minister. He had played many chance games in the political trickeries of the times heretofore, and it was to have been expected that he would wield an artful hand from home; but it seems that his domestic diplomacy was no match for that by which he was entrapped in South America. He did not even manifest the shrewdness of an ordinary fool in the family intrigues of courts and kings, else he had not been caught in the first act. Seriously, Mr Washburne was a long way from home when he substituted the master strokes of political policy for a grand *coup d'etat* in State affairs. And yet, of all Mr. Washburne's feats, this will unquestionably go down to posterity as *chef d'ouvre*. Unsophisticated in South American affairs, he suffered two of his *attaches* to be made prisoners, while he himself escaped by the skin of his teeth, instead of demanding their release, and, in case of refusal, remaining to share their fate. The grievance should be, and no doubt will be, promptly redressed. If the President is not clothed with plenary powers to meet the case Congress will convene in a few days, when prompt action, as well as much buncombe, may be expected. The honor of the nation will be vindicated, the insulters of its flag punished, if for no greater reason, as a warning to other would-be insolent potentates and powers.

REDIVIVUS.—We believe that the recovery of the South from its present lethargy will be far more rapid and thorough than is generally expected, says the Charleston News, and our opinion is founded upon facts which show the extent of the improvement in Southern trade during the last two years.

The statistical statement lately published by Mr. Alexander Delmor is valuable for this reason, showing, as it does, in some degree, the vast resources of the Southern States. It is there pointed out that on June 30, 1866, the population of the South was nine million five hundred and sixty-eight thousand seven hundred and nine and of the United States thirty-four million five hundred and five thousand eight hundred and eighty-two. The exports of the South for that year amounted to two hundred and seventy-two million dollars, being five times as much as the exports of the entire Union in 1820. But there is a more striking fact than this. In 1850 the population of the United States was twenty-three million and the exports were only one hundred and thirty-six million dollars. The exports of the South now, with less than one-half that population, amount annually to double that sum.

No country in the world is superior to the South in the latent elements of prosperity. The largest portion of its territory is not yet fully developed; but what has been done and is doing is a proof that a sober and diligent working population can make it, in a comparatively short time, one of the most thriving and independent countries under the sun.

Some of our political perplexities are already over. Others will be solved before another year rolls around. Soon every energy will be free to be directed to the development of our lands and the manufacture of our produce; and if this course be persevered in, the reaping hook and spindle will quickly win back more than the sword has lost.

☞ The Chicago Republican says: "The motto of the Republican party in Georgia is the motto of that State's seal, 'Wisdom, Justice, Moderation.'" The motto of Georgia is an excellent one, but the party adopting it is as bad as it is good.

☞ One of the carriers of the New York Sun has been at the business seventeen years, and has made, in that time, a fortune of $100,000.

The Private Habits of Horace Greeley.

BY MARK TWAIN, OF THE TRIBUNE.

Mr. Greeley gets up at three o'clock in the morning; for it is one of his favorite maxims, that only early rising can keep the health unimpaired and the brain vigorous. He then wakes up all the household, and assembles them in the library, by candle-light, and after quoting the beautiful lines;

"Early to bed and early to rise
Make a man healthy, wealthy and wise,"

he appoints each individual's task for the day, sets him at it with encouraging words, and goes back to bed again. I mention here, in no fault-finding spirit, but with the deference justly due a man who is older and wiser and worthier than I, that he snores awfully. In a moment of irritation, once, I was rash enough to say I never would sleep with him until he broke himself of this unfortunate habit. I have kept my word with bigoted and unwavering determination.

At half-past eleven o'clock Mr. Greeley rises again. He shaves himself. He considers that there is great virtue and economy in shaving himself. He does it with a dull razor, sometimes humming part of a tune, (he knows part of a tune, and takes an innocent delight in regarding it as the first half of "Old Hundred;" but parties familiar with that hymn have felt obliged to confess that they could not recognize it, and, therefore, the noise he makes is doubtless an unconscious original composition of Mr. Greeley's) and sometimes, when the razor is especially dull, he accompanies himself with a formula like this: "Damn the damned razor, and the damned outcast who made it."—H. G.

He then goes out into his model garden, and applies his vast store of agricultural knowledge to the amelioration of his cabbages; after which he writes an able agricultural article for the instruction of American farmers, his soul cheered the while with the reflection that if cabbages were worth eleven dollars apiece his model farm would pay.

He next goes to breakfast, which is a frugal, abstemious meal with him, and consists of nothing but just such things as the market affords; nothing more. He drinks nothing but water—nothing whatever but water, and coffee, and tea, and Scotch ale and lager beer, and lemonade with a fly in it—sometimes a house-fly and sometimes a horse-fly, according to the amount of inspiration required to warm him up to his daily duties. During breakfast he reads the Tribune all through, and enjoys the satisfaction of knowing that all the brilliant things in it written by Young, Cooke, Hazard, and myself, are attributed to him by a confiding and infernal public.

After breakfast he writes a short editorial, and puts a large dash at the beginning of it, thus (——,) which is the same as if he put H. G. after it, and takes a savage pleasure in reflecting that none of us understrappers can use that dash, except in profane conversation when chafing over the outrage. He writes this editorial in his own handwriting. He does it because he is so vain of his penmanship. He always did take an inordinate pride in his penmanship. He hired out once, in his young days, as a writing master, but the enterprise failed. The pupils could not translate his remarks with any certainty. His first copy was, "Virtue is its own reward," and they got it, "Washing with soap is wholly absurd," and so the trustees discharged him for attempting to convey bad morals, through the medium of worse penmanship. But, as I was saying, he writes his morning editorial. Then he tries to read it over, and can't do it; and so sends it to the printers, and they try to read it and can't do it; and so they set it up at random, as you may say, putting in what words they can make out, and when they get aground on a long word, they put in "reconstruction" or "universal suffrage," and spar off and paddle ahead, and the next morning, if the degraded public can tell what it is all about, they say H. G. wrote it, and if they can't, they say it is one of those imbecile understrappers, and that is the end of it.

On Sundays, Mr. Greeley sits in a prominent pew in Mr. Chapin's church, and lets on that he is asleep, and the congregation regard it as an eccentricity of genius.

When he is going to appear in public, Mr. Greeley spends two hours on his toilet. He is the most painstaking and elaborate man about getting up his dress that lives in America. This is his chiefest and his pleasantest foible. He puts on his old white overcoat, and turns up the collar. He puts on a soiled shirt, saved from the wash, and leaves one end of the collar unbuttoned. He puts on his most dilapidated hat, turns it wrongside before, cants it on to the back of his head, and jams an extra dent in the ride of it. He puts on his most atrocious boots, and spends fifteen minutes tucking the left leg of his pants into his boot-top in what shall seem the most careless and unstudied way. But his cravat—it is into the arrangement of his cravat that he throws his soul, all the powers of his great mind. After fixing it for forty minutes before the glass it is perfect—it is askew every way—it overflows his coat collar on one side, and sinks into oblivion on the other—it climbs and it delves around about his neck—the knot is conspicuously displayed under his left ear, and it stretches one of its long ends straight out horizontally, and the other goes after his eye in the good old Toodles fashion—and then completely and marvellously apparelled, Mr. Greeley strides forth, rolling like a sailor, a miracle of astounding costumery, the awe and wonder of the natives.

But I haven't time to tell the rest of his private habits. Suffice it that he is an upright and an honest man—a practical, great-brained man—a useful man to his nation and his generation—a famous man, who has justly earned his celebrity—and withal the worst dressed man in this or any other country, even though he does take so thundering much pains, and put on so many frills about it.

An Experiment with Wheat.

Editors Southern Cultivator: I desire to give the readers of your paper the benefit of an experiment made by a neighbor of mine with his last wheat crop. He sowed down with the wheat, eighty pounds of salt per acre, and gathered a good crop of wheat, clear of rust, while all around him made almost a failure.

If salt will prevent rust, every farmer should know it and use it. Again, Mr. George Cunningham, an enterprising farmer in this county, in March last, sowed on as a top dressing equal portions of salt and plaster on a portion of a lot of wheat, as an experiment; the effect was perceptible to all. The wheat thus managed was good, while that adjacent to it was very poor. These experiments are satisfactory to my mind that salt is a preventive of rust. As the cost of salt is trifling, compared to the losses sustained by rust, all should test it for themselves.

The wheat crops in this county were very sorry—about three bushels per acre, on an average. The corn crop is also seriously damaged by the drought and much more so by preparation of the soil and cultivation of the crop. Under the old skinning system all depends upon a bountiful supply of rain. I hope soon to be able to make a better report from old Newton. As your Journal is extensively circulated in this county, this year we hope to place it in the hands of every farmer before January next. L. F. LIVINGSTON.

Newton county, Ga., 1868.

We are always glad to record such experiments. One or two, however, are not sufficient to settle conclusively, a question of this nature, but such indications are always worthy of being followed up.—*Southern Cultivator.*

ROW IN COVINGTON.—We are informed that a serious row occurred in Covington yesterday, between John Robinson's Circus Company and parties of that place. One negro was killed, and a showman mortally wounded. The company struck tents and left for Atlanta immediately.—*Madison Auditor, Nov. 21.*

BURNING OF A LUNATIC ASYLUM IN OHIO.—*Columbus, Nov. 18, 11 P. M.*—A fire, which was discovered to-night at 10 o'clock in the Central Lunatic Asylum, is still burning, with but little prospect of subduing the flames. A number of patients perished.

Endurance.

How much the heart may bear, and yet not break!
How much the flesh may suffer, and not die!
I question much if any pain or ache
Death chooses his own time; till that is worn,
All evils may be borne.

We shrink and shudder at the surgeon's knife—
Eact nerve recoiling from the cruel steel,
Whose edge seems searching for the quivering life;
Yet to our sense the bitter pangs reveal
That still, although the trembling flesh be torn,
This, also, can be borne.

We see a sorrow rising in our way,
And try to flee from the approaching ill,
We seek some small escape—we weep and pray—
But when the blow falls, then our hearts are still.
Not that the pain is of its sharpness shorn—
But think it can be borne.

We wind our life about another life—
We hold it closer, dearer than our own—
Anon it faints and fails in deadly strife,
Leaving us stunned, and stricken, and alone;
But ah! we do not die with those we mourn—
This, also, can be borne.

Behold, we live through all things—famine, thirst,
Bereavement, pain of grief and misery,
All woe and sorrow; life inflicts its worst
On soul and body—but we cannot die,
Though we be sick, and tired, and faint, and worn;
Lo! all things can be borne.

Good Words.

Industrious Young Men the Hope of the South.

The glory, the honor and prosperity of the South are not in the hands of old politicians; they are in the keeping of the young men who, as they prove industrious or indolent, great shall be their reward or terrible their punishment. What the South most urgently requires at this supreme hour of her destiny is a splendid array of hard working, sober, stalwart and enterprising youths. She has no need of drones, and the market for merely professional individuals is already overstocked. Young men who live in the country should resist the temptation of clerkships in the city, and learn that a more notable duty is before them where they are. They will be happier, more healthy, more surely on the road to wealth by conquering the glebe than by loitering in towns and frittering their lives away over protracted searches for a paradise in dry goods or a heaven in groceries. Man must live by mind or muscle. True there is another manner of killing time, the ignoble art of living upon the toil of others. We will suppose, however, that few are in this category, and all anxious to labor in some way for the common weal. Granting this, let those who have an unmistakable calling for intellectual pursuits hearken to the voice of God and fight their way through the crowded ranks of lawyers, doctors, teachers, musicians, etc. But for the many, whose chief reliance is in their glorious strength of body, let them compel the soil to yield its fruits, the forest its stores. Let them put their hands to the plow, if agriculture invites them; let them enter the machine shop if mechanics allure; let them, with a sturdy pride of independence, grapple with the duty so plainly set for them to do and bless the South with a race of workers which will be worth all the political combats that ever were or ever shall be. Many of the best young men that ever trod the earth have already commenced this splendid task of rescuing and building up their States by personal labor. But many remain to whom the mere contact of an implement of trade or agriculture is conceived to be a scheme. Nay, the same is not in labor. The shame is rather with him who eats idle bread in scorn of honest toil. Men who distinguished themselves in the army and navy of the South have not been ashamed to drive the team a-field or perform services which these dainty boys imagine menial. The other day, we read how that noble old hero, Admiral Buchanan, with shattered limbs and weighed down with seventy years of strife and suffering, had been working himself almost to death in order to support his family. There is not a sovereign or prince in Europe who is not taught some useful trade, and many a one who sported with crowns has blessed the day he learned some craft which became his loyal servitor when the pimps of power had left him. In the face of these facts, are we to be told that Southern boys are too proud to work? Are there any parents sufficiently imbecile to uphold them in this false estimate of their dignity and self importance? We hope not; but if there be such, we to them and to their children! They are invoking curse instead of benedictions; they are consummating a ruin for the South which even the Yankee was powerless to inflict. The young men who work now are found to be the lords of the future and the rulers of the land. No matter how lowly industry will ennoble them and their progeny will own the seats of domination. In the same ratio the idle and timid will sink lower and lower as the years progress, and the traditions of their aristocratic lineage will not save them from decrepitude and final extinction. The better a man is born the more is he called upon to give proof that he is superior to the bones of his ancestors and worthy of his gentle blood. There is no excuse for him if he fails to outstrip those who have to battle against adverse fate and social ostracism. He ought to blush if the race be won by the tortoise, while he is so swift and nimble a hare.

Georgia has this day, at work in the fields, many a youngster whom she will in the future delight to honor with her choicest gifts. We have heard of several whose example is worthy of public commendation. The latest illustrations brought to our knowledge are these:

Amos Norris, of Warren Co., with one plow and a horse, cultivated, this season, eleven acres of land in cotton and eighteen acres in corn. The land was of the poorest, and yet he made *five* bales of cotton and *one hundred bushels of corn*. Not only did he cultivate this land without assistance, but unaided and alone, packed the cotton and harvested the corn.

Adam Todd, of the same county, with but trifling assistance, made *five bales of cotton* on nine acres of land, and *two hundred bushels of corn* on eighteen acres. His land was a little better than that of Norris.

Well done, both of you! Instead of being ashamed of your labor, let there be, henceforth, a glow of manly pride on your brows. Let the success of this one experiment move you to greater exertions in the time to come. If to this spirit of industry you ally sobriety of life, you need not fear for your children's or your own destiny. When the Norrises and Todds shall be multiplied a thousand-fold, Georgia will look down on New England and start on a path of empire which the most fervid fancy can but inadequately portray.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

☞ The New York World, in estimating the expenses of the late election in that State, says that Griswold was assessed $50,000 when nominated for Governor, $36,000 more for Pennsylvania, and further sums for New York, making in all "hundreds of thousands of dollars." The Union League Club contributed $200,000, and Senator Morgan a large sum. The total amount raised by the Republicans in New York is put at $1,500,000.

ODD FELLOWS.—The semi-centennial anniversary of the establishment of the order of Odd Fellows in the United States, will occur on the 26th of April next. The event will be celebrated by a national *fete* in Philadelphia. The programme includes an immense procession of members of the order in full regalia. A Committee of the Grand Lodge is already engaged in the work of making preparations.

GRANT'S ADMINISTRATION—*So mote it Be.*—We saw day before yesterday a private letter from a gentleman in high political position, and a warm personal and political friend of Gen. Grant. It is asserted if the South was quiet and opposed no fractious opposition, General Grant would give her a liberal, conciliatory administration, which would satisfy all reasonable men.—*Macon Telegraph.*

☞ The national army, according to the last report of the Adjutant-General, is composed of but 48,711 men, white and black, commissioned and non-commissioned. General Grant's gradual retrenchment has told significantly on its numbers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

Butler's Reported Sickness a Hoax.

Signing of the New Postal Treaty.

Judge Fullerton and Others Indicted.

Fall Mackerel Fisheries Almost a Failure.

Daughter and Son-in-Law Under Arrest for Murder.

Killing of H. Rives Pollard.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The report of Butler's sickness was a hoax.

The early appearance here of Morton and Trumbull is taken by politicians as an indication of the character of Grant's constitutional advisers.

Grant has not written to Slocum.

C. E. Creech, for some years by appointment Clerk of the Treasury Department, has been appointed Revenue Supervisor for Louisiana and Arkansas. Mr. Creech was born in Mississippi, and is regarded as an excellent business man.

The new postal treaty with Great Britain was signed to-day. England abandons double postage, otherwise the new differs but little from the old arrangements.

Farragut will arrive to-night and be the guest of Welles.

NEW YORK, November 24.—The Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court indicted Judge Fullerton, Birdsall and others, charged with the conspiracy connected with the whisky frauds. Warrants were issued for their arrest.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—The coroner's jury on the Hill case charge the daughter and son in-law with the murder of the lady. Both have been committed for trial.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 24.—The South Carolina Legislature met to day. The House was organized and appointed a committee to wait upon the Governor and inform him it was ready to receive any communication he had to make. The Senate met, but, there being no quorum, adjourned.

RICHMOND, Nov. 24.—In the U. S. Circuit Court, Chief Justice Chase presiding, the Administrators of Mrs. Keppie, of Pa. vs. Petersburg Railroad Company to require the Company to pay the dividend in U. S. money on three hundred shares of stock sequestered by the Confederate Government. The Chief Justice affirmed the decision of the lower court in favor of plaintiff.

RICHMOND, November 24.—H. Rives Pollard, Editor of the Southern Opinion, was shot and killed this morning at 10 o'clock, while passing near his office, by James Grant. The cause of the shooting was a publication in the Opinion reflecting on the character of a member of Gen. Grant's family. The following are the particulars: On Saturday a report was published in the Southern Opinion relative to the elopement of a daughter of Wm. H. Grant, a wealthy tobacconist of this city. This morning, about 10 o'clock, H. Rives Pollard, editor of the paper, was near his office door, corner of Main and Fourteenth streets, going in, a shot was fired from the upper window of a building opposite. Mr. Pollard fell dead, eleven buck shot having entered his body, one passing through his heart. The Police searched the building and found James Grant, brother of the lady, hated, in a room. He surrendered and was taken to the station house. A double-barrelled gun, one barrel discharged, was found in the room. The affair caused great excitement here, and a large crowd has been gathered around the Opinion office since its occurrence.

TALLAHASSEE, Nov. 24.—At a meeting of the Supreme Court this morning there was a full Bench. Lt. Gov. Gleason, by counsel, asked for further time to show why writ quo warranto should not be issued until 11 A. M to-morrow, which was granted, and the Court adjourned till 3 P. M. No business transacted in afternoon session. It is intimated that the advisory opinion from Justices of the Supreme Court, requested by Gov. Reed, is ready, and will be rendered soon, perhaps to-night.

HALIFAX, November 24.—The fall mackerel fisheries are almost a total failure. Distress is apprehended this winter.

BERLIN, November 24.—Bismarck makes no secret of his affiliation with the Liberal party.

MADRID, November 24.—The advocates of a republic seem to be gaining ground in Spain. Barcelona favors a federal republic.

NAPLES, November 24.—The eruption is subsiding, and fears for the safety of adjacent villages have ceased.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 24.—Cotton firmer and more active at 25¼25¾; sales 5,000 bales. Flour favors buyers. Wheat irregular and slightly lower. Mixed Western corn 1 12a1 16½; yellow 1 18. Provisions dull and lower. Mess pork 27 25. Lard, kettle 16¾a17. Sugar active; Muscovado 11¾a11¾. Turpentine 47¾a48. Rosin 2 55a2 65, strained and common. Tallow heavy at 12a12½. Freights, cotton per steam 7-16a½. Governments steady. 1862 coupons 13½. Tennessees, new, 68¾. Virginias, new, 67¼. Money in light demand at 6a6; prime discounts 7a9. Governments buoyant; heavy foreign and domestic demand. Sterling firm at 9¾. Gold 1 34½.

NEW ORLEANS, November 24.—Cotton ¼a¾c higher; middlings 23½a24; sales 4,250 bales; receipts 8,188 bales. Gold 1 35. Sterling 43½; bank 9a9½. New York Sight ½c discount. Sugar better grades active, lower grades depressed; fully fair 12¼; clarified 12¾a13¾. Molasses tending upward; common 43a51; prime 65a70; choice 72. Flour dull; superfine 6 25; treble 6 75a7 00. Corn dull and unchanged, new 91. Oats 61. Bran 1 20. Hay firm at 21 50a25 00. Mess pork dull, new nominal at 24 00. Bacon unsettled; shoulders 12¼; clear rib sides 15¾; clear sides 15¾. Lard dull; tierce 16½; keg 17¾. Whisky depressed; Western rectified 1 90a1 95. Coffee, stock light, prime Rio 16½a16¾; fair 14¾.

MOBILE, November 24.—Market firm; middlings 23½; receipts 1,234 bales; exports 3,270 bales.

WILMINGTON, November 24.—Spirits Turpentine 43¾a44. Rosin in good demand at 1 85 a 4 85. Crude Turpentine unchanged. Tar unchanged.

CHARLESTON, November 24.—Cotton opened quiet and closed active and firm; middlings 23½; sales 700 bales; receipts 1,041 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,405 bales.

ST. LOUIS, November 24.—Mess pork dull at 23 50. Bacon shoulders 11¾; clear sides 17¾; sugar-cured hams 17¾. Whisky, declining, 95.

CINCINNATI, November 24.—Whisky firmer at 90 at 00. Mess pork 23 00. Lard, kettle 14¾.

SAVANNAH, November 24.—Cotton active; middlings 23¾a24; sal s 1,400 bales; receipts 2,313 bales; exports, coastwise, 553 bales.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 24.—Superfine flour 5 00a6 00; corn 70a75; mess pork 22 50; lard 15a15¾; shoulders 12¾; whisky 97.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 24.—The market has advanced; sales 444 bales; receipts 527; middlings 24¼a23¾.

LONDON, Nov. 24—Noon.—Consols 94¾; Bonds unchanged; sugar firmer.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24—Noon.—Cotton tends upward; sales 12,000 bales.

HAVRE Nov. 23.—Cotton steady.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24—P. M.—Cotton firmer, but not higher; sales 15,000 bales.

☞ The London Times reports that, according to the election returns thus far received, the Liberal majority is 118.

Mr. Reverdy Johnson is to dine with the London Workingmen's Society on the 29th inst.

The cable reports that the eruption of Vesuvius is increasing in violence and grandeur.

A report is made that Gen. Prim is aiming to have the Prince of the Asturias made King of Spain, and himself Regent.

☞ The account of a contest of wits between a police justice at the Toombs and a saucy girl who was arraigned for stealing, makes a good four-line verse:

"The brass your face," he said,
"Would make a four-quart skillet."
"Your Honor's head," the girl replied,
"Has sap enough to fill it."

DECLENSION.—The Hon. Horace Greeley has declined to be a candidate for the United States Senate from New York, though his party is in the majority.

MARRIED,

In Columbia county, Ga., at the residence of the bride's brother, on the evening of November 19th, 1868, by the Rev. Dr. S. S. Jones, Mr. EDWARD STIMES, of South Carolina, to Miss MARY E. PERRY, of Georgia.

New Advertisements.

I. O. OF G. T.

FLORAL LODGE, No. 2, Independent Order of Good Templars meets at Templars' Hall, corner of Marietta and Broad streets, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Nov. 25th, at ½ 8. Parties who have been notified of their election to membership will please attend for initiation. Any address may be expected from a visiting Brother. All Good Templars in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

By order of I. B. PILGRIM, W. C. T.
J. T. KENNAW, Secretary. nov25-dit

DR. J. M. JOHNSON

Has associated with him Dr. R. B. GREEN. The office is over the store of Messrs. Chamberlin & Boynton, Rawson's building, corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Dr. Johnson's residence is at Mrs. Ovarby's, on Broad street, immediately in the rear of the National Hotel.

Dr. Green can be found at the office, Day or Night. nov25-dim

FOR SALE,

A RESIDENCE LOT on Harris street, east side of and within about 300 yards of where the Air-Line Railroad will run. Lot 95x300 feet. Price $300, cash. Titles perfect. Persons wishing to purchase will leave word at E. S. Earnest's Jewelry Store, Whitehall street, will be attended to. EARNEST & SPENCELEY.

nov25-d3t

EUFAULA CO-OPERATIVE

LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY.

Ex-Gov. JOHN GILL SHORTER.....President
maj. JAMES M. BUFORD.....Vice President
J. G. I. MARTIN.....Secretary and Treasurer
F. F. TAYLOR.....General Agent for Georgia

Insurance for the Rich and Poor.

THE cheapest and best system of Life Insurance is now offered by this reliable Company. It is founded upon the principle that one thousand persons come together and bind themselves, each to pay one dollar to the surviving friends of every deceased member, among them at most death. These monthly contributions are

LEFT IN THE POCKETS OF MEMBERS

Till called for at intervals during the year, or for convenience they may be paid in advance, in the shape of a deposit, and in that case *eight per cent interest is added*. All the profits are supplied. Every person, of either sex, from 15 to 70 years of age, can secure a membership by paying an admission fee of only

SIX DOLLARS,

No matter how many may be entered and Ministers in actual charge of churches can become members.

Without any Outlay, at the Start.

There are two divisions. The classes in Division I are composed of 1,000 members each. This Division includes none over sixty-five, and is arranged as follows:

	Deaths per 1,000	1st month	2d month	3d month	4th month	5th month	6th month	All others
		13	25	38	50	63	75	188
		10	20	30	40	50	60	150
		25	50	75	100	125	150	375
		$13	$25	$38	$50	$63	$75	$188
Class A	8	50	75	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$2 00	$3 1 00
Class B	1 00	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 00	4 00		2 00
Class C	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 75	4 50	6 00		3 00
Class E	2 50	3 75	5 00	6 25	7 50	10 00		5 00
Class J	5 00	7 50	10 00	12 50	15 00	20 00		10 00

The second Division is composed of sound lives from 65 to 75 years old, and impaired lives who may be represented by the Medical Examiner as safe for 10 years more of life; each class is entirely separate and distinct from the other. This company is necessarily h

MUTUAL COMPANY.

And cannot insure on any other plan. The self-interested punctuality of each member in paying his Mortuary Contributions, can leave no possibility of the Company's failure to meet all casualties that may occur.

Policies Will Not Become Void in this Company

By reason of inability to meet the notes for large amounts of premiums. The Contributions are only paid at different times during the year, and in such small amounts, that a most any one can meet them with ease, and cess, it is our mural duty to strain every nerve to live, pure lives and leave our families a boon of existence after our deaths.

The Eufaula Co-Operative

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Makes this comfort for our families a certainty. Let us avail ourselves of this matchless scheme of relief. The different classes are rapidly filling up. I am now taking applications and furnishing policies for any desired amount.

For information on the subject, and for insurance apply to W. H. HANCOCK, Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

nov24-9

CONCORDIA HALL!

Grand Bill for this Occasion!

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 25, 1868,

The beautiful Drama of

Broken Vows; or, Meg's Diversion.

To be followed, by request, the lively Comedy of

Gertrude, The Treasure.

To conclude with a

GRAND CONCORDIA SOIREE.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 precisely. Tickets to be had of Messrs. Beerman & Kuhrt, Steinleiner Brothers, Fleishel & Bro., and at the door. ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.

nov23-d3t

VARIETIES THEATRE!

(LATE BELL JOHNSON HALL.)

OPEN EVERY NIGHT!

WITH A

First-Class Variety Company.

☞ Admission 50 Cents. nov24-d1t

BOARDING.

MRS. DAWSON, (formerly of Greensboro,) having rented a house on Marietta street, 2d door from Presbyterian Church, desires a few BOARDERS.

Refers to B. W. Force, Esq. nov22-d1t

GEO. A. WALLACE,

Attorney at Law,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

nov17-d3m

W. H. TURNER,

DEALER IN

TOBACCO, CIGARS,

—AND—

LIQUORS,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

nov20-d1m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE Central Hotel on Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga., central to the town and near to the depot, with seventeen rooms and two servants' rooms, for sale or rent. It can be seen at the U. S. Hotel, Atlanta, December 15, or addressed until then at Columbus, Ga.

nov20-d1w. L. EVANS.

SPECIAL TO DELINQUENTS.

RESOLVED, By the Mayor and Council that the Clerk of Council and City Tax Collector prepare Lists of all persons in the city subject to taxation for the years 1867 and 1868, who have failed to pay the same, and furnish the Marshal or some place at voting in the city at the approaching election, and that said Managers require such defaulters to pay said tax before voting at said election.

Done in Council, November 20th, 1868.

nov22-d1w S. B. LOVE, Clerk.

IN STORE,

300 BARRELS FLOUR, all grades, from Superfine to Family and Choice.

100 boxes, half and quarter, Candles,

100 cases Can Fruit,

100 barrels Irish Potatoes—Northern,

5 barrels Smoking Tobacco,

150 sacks Oil Corn,

1 lot Bacon—Clear Sides, Shoulders and Plain Country Hams,

3 tierces Canvassed Hams,

10 barrels Sorghum,

100 coils and half coils Greenleaf Rope, low down in price to close.

5 barrels Strained Honey.

The attention of the trade is most earnestly solicited.

Families in want of a barrel of good Flour are requested to call.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,
Commission Merchants,
Alabama street.

November 24, 1868.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make reduction, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and consent with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades—Sugars, Teas, Spices, Pepper, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Maderia Wine for cooking purposes.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 25.

THE CITY.

Traveling Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are authorized to solicit subscriptions and receive money for THE CONSTITUTION: L. LINDSEY, Albany, Ga. Mr. BAXTER CRAWFORD, of Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. GEORGE GOODWIN, Atlanta. John Evans Atlantic and Gulf R. R.

OUR AGENTS.

COLE STEWART, News Dealer, is our authorized Agent at Rome Ga.

T. A. E. EVANS, Albany News, is our agent at Albany Ga.

H. M HAMMETT, Marietta, Ga.

FRANK E. BURKE, Americus, Ga.

NORMAN M. DUPREE, Hawkinsville, Ga.

J. G. TILLMAN, Hogansville, Ga.

W. H. WOODS, Barnesville, Ga.

J. C. BROADNAX, Newnan, Ga.

W. E. RAGLAND, Talbotton.

Capt. JAMES P. HARRISON, Dahlonega, Ga.

A. M. PENNINGILL & Co., New York and Philadelphia, are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for THE CONSTITUTION at our regular rates.

Democratic Nominations.

FOR MAYOR,

WILLIAM H. HULSEY.

FOR ALDERMEN,

FIRST WARD:

J. P. MAYS.
W. H. BROTHERTON.

SECOND WARD:

DR. E. J. ROACH,
DR. D. C. O'KEEFE.

THIRD WARD.

V. P. SISSON.
W. C. ANDERSON.

FOURTH WARD:

M. MAHONEY,
E. P. HOWELL.

FIFTH WARD.

S. R. McCAMY,
E. R. CARR.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—There will be religious services in the First Baptist Church, (Scago's Hall) on Thursday morning, at 10½ o'clock. Sermon by the Pastor.

EARNEST & SPENCKLEY offer for sale a Residence Lot, conveniently located, at $300 cash. See notice.

BY referring to a notice published elsewhere in this issue, it will be seen that Dr. J. M. Johnson has associated with him Dr. R. E. Green, in the profession of Medicine. Dr. G. enjoys a high reputation in Atlanta, as a successful practitioner and most worthy man. We wish the firm a bright career in their honorable profession.

WE invite the attention of all Members of the Independent Order of Good Templars in Atlanta, to a notice of Brother I. B. Pilgrim, W. C. T., Floral Lodge.

ONE of the most beautiful stores in Atlanta, is the jewelry establisment of Mr. Er Lawshe, on Whitehall street. It is a famous resort for the ladies. That is not surprising. The ladies are fond of fine jewelry, and they know full well that Lawshe keeps nothing that is not genuine. He is a veteran in the business, having carried it on successfully in this city for nearly a score of years. The very best gold and silver watches, clocks, watchmaker's tools and materials, silver setts, rings, and ear-rings, are to be found at Lawshe's. In fact there is nothing desirable in his line, which Mr. L. has not on hand.

Watches and jewelry of every kind repaired with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted.

In the Eufaula Co-operation Life Insurance Company, insurance may be had at the least possible price. It is not only very low in rates, but certain in the payment of all losses. No one who is not perfectly sound and capable of passing the strictest medical examination can become a member. Each member pays a mortuary fee according to age, thus equalizing the price of admission. It is *Southern* in every fibre, and conducted by men of character throughout Alabama and her sister States of the South—known for their integrity and financial capacity. Mr. Hancock is prepared to furnish any additional information. Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column.

GUNN'S NEW FAMILY PHYSICIAN.—This is a new and complete family medicine book of over twelve hundred pages, by that old and popular writer, Dr. J. C. Gunn, of Louisville, Ky.

The work is sold only by *subscription*. We learn that the agent, S. M. Tooke, who may be found at the office of L. B. Davis, is now about to commence the canvass of this city. Every one should examine the work, as it is one that every family should have. Hundreds of the recipes will be found invaluable as domestic remedies.

ARREST OF A THIEF.—About one year ago the meat-house of Mr. Clay, of DeKalb county, was entered by thieves, who extracted therefrom a considerable quantity of bacon. Lieutenants Johnson and Murphy, of the Police, being informed of the fact, suspicioned two freedmen named Bill Watson and Austin Wilson. Accordingly, these officers took a squad of the Police and went out near the old distillery to the place where the freedmen lived. A search was made and the bacon was found in Bill Watson's house. Wilson was arrested, and, at the late term of the Superior Court of DeKalb county, sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary. Watson escaped to Florida, where he remained until a few days ago, when he returned to this city.

Capt. Ed Murphy and Lieut. Johnson, on being notified of his return, went immediately to his old beat and found him in a loft covered over with hay.

Watson is now in the calaboose, and the Sheriff of DeKalb, or Mr Clay, will confer a favor by calling for him.

We have the best Police force, to its inches, in the Union. We advise all thieves, burglars and scoundrels, generally, to reform. It is the only way to escape the clutches of Capt. Ed. and his wide-awakes.

THE RADICAL PROGRAMME.—The latest report is that Conley is to run for Mayor and Hodgett is to be Treasurer.—If the Radicals carry this section.

P. S.—Since writing the above, it is hinted that Grant won't let Hodgett run for Mayor, and that he is to be Grant's Minister to Africa. "All right, Judge."—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

It is true that the General has a decided partiality for fine horses; but we have never heard of his fancying a broken down *mayor.*

MURDER OF A SHERIFF.—A report reached the city yesterday that the Sheriff of Newton county had been killed at Conyers by an infuriated negro. The weapon used was an axe. We await further particulars.

PROFESSOR White predicts a total eclipse of the sun in August, 1869. Says he: "It will be of the annular kind in all parts of the United States." Accordingly it will be annular in Atlanta. Professor's calculations will be according to the facts in the case, total, or nearly so, as Atlanta.

A GAY widow of Hoboken was surprised, the other evening, in the midst of a number of friends during a private marriage, by a messenger bringing "surprise party." As one good turn deserves another, she asked them to arrange themselves to witness the ceremony, and it was done.

Widows are too well posted to be surprised.—What they don't know isn't worth learning.

It is reported that the Czar has interdicted the practice of homeopathy in Russia.

The Russian Minister at Washington denies the report.

No harm done either way.

A WAG remarks that he has seen two sisters who had to be sold everything together, for they were so much alike that they could not be told apart.

Very likely. We have heard of a dog whose tail and ears were cropped to prevent him from recognizing his owner.

C. C. MARSHALL, of Hartford, Connecticut, recently received a present of a $100 note, and a grateful letter from a man whom, two years ago, he picked up drunk, and gave a breakfast, a suit of clothes, and some good advice.

That's one of two things—a miracle or a lie.

THE Queen of Portugal, Victor Emanuel's daughter, is crazy, and occupies a padded room to prevent her from breaking her head.

Let her marry an Irishman, and then she'll be bothered, too.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 18.—An old resident of this city, named Jona Wiscomb, after a long depression of spirits, hung himself this morning.

He was only trying to elevate them.

"The good may merit God's peculiar care,
Yet none but God can tell us who they are."

They are so few in number now-a-days that even God must be puzzled to point them out.

☞ The Washburne family is one of many titles, though we believe as yet it has no share in military honors. We would suggest hereafter that Paraguayan Washburne be dubbed with the title of Envoy General, in view of his South American diplomatic exploits.

☞ Seward is thinking seriously of recalling Reverdy Johnson.—*Exchange.*

Tinkle, tinkle little bell; your tintinnabulations are nearly numbered.

Local and Business Notices.

ELEGANT JEWELRY, CLOCKS, WATCHES, MUSIC BOXES.—A large and select assortment of Etruscan Sets, Inlaid and Black Sets, Bracelets, Diamond Rings, Ladies' Chains, Charms, etc., at Er Lawshe's. Call and examine the finest display of Jewelry, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware ever exhibited in Atlanta. nov25-dtf

THE PETRO OIL, the best and cheapest burning oil in the world, can be found by the wholesale or retail at

nov20-d7t. JNO. T. HAGAN'S.

For Council.

Mr. C. P. CASSIN is announced as a candidate for Councilman in the First Ward, by

Nov. 11, 1868. MANY VOTERS.

FURS.—Ladies wishing to buy Furs will do well to call at Mrs. J. FRANK'S,

nov6d3m Decatur street, Opposite City Park.

FRESH MOBILE OYSTERS at the Georgia Saloon, under the Post Office, AT ALL HOURS.

oct25-dtf E. C. REID.

L. B. DAVIS,
Hartford Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
Notary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
mar18—dly

Democratic Central Executive Committee of the City of Atlanta.

R. ARNOLD, SECRETARY.
JOHN T. GLEEN,
O. H. BENTLY,
JOSIAH REDFIELD,
R. P. ZIMMERMAN,
T. L. WELLS,
JOHN THOMAS,
R. MCCASLIN,
THOS. W. CHANDLER,

Special Notices.

RESOLUTION OF THANKS.—At a regular meeting of Atlanta Lodge, No 1. Independent Order of Good Templars, held on Monday evening last, the following resolution was unanimous passed:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Lodge are due, and are hereby tendered Bro P. Paris for the presentation of a very handsomely gotten up sign, bearing the inscription of "GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL," and we hereby recommend him as a workman well skilled in his profession, and earnestly urge all who would have House, Sign or Ornamental Painting done with neatness and dispatch, to give Mr. P. Paris a call.

nov25-dlt H. H. DICKSON, Secretary.

☞ ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 23, 1868.—We, the undersigned, citizens of Atlanta and farmers of Fulton county, recommend the holding of a meeting in Atlanta on SATURDAY, THE 5TH OF DECEMBER, for the purpose of organizing an Agricultural Society for Fulton county:

J. J. Thrasher,	Fred Beckner,
James M. Calhoun,	R. J. Massey,
J. M. C. Reed,	J. G. Johnson,
John H. James,	J. Lambert,
Rush Irwin,	E. B. Marshall,
J. M. Ball,	M. B. Swanson,
S. A. Durand,	H. O. Loyd,
A. J. McBride,	J. H. Campbell,
Jno. T. Meador,	C. E. Grenville,
S. B. Wight,	J. M. Franklin,
V. R. Tommey,	R. M. J. Brown,
Wm. O'Halloran,	J. G. Pounds,
H. Marshall,	Thos. G. Simms,
W. S. Walker,	G. W. Adair,
L. P. Thomas,	J. Henly Smith,
Joseph Jones,	Joseph Thompson,
James L. Mason,	L. P. Grant
Samuel Hapo,	E. D. L. Mobley,
Fred Kicklighter,	A. Rosenfield,
G. W. Stocklin,	W. J. Garrett,
D. Knight,	Young Garrett,
C. C. Green,	E. P. Chamberlain,
Jared I. Whitaker,	B. F. Wyly,
Wm. McNaught,	John Morrison,
Thos. Scrutchins.	

nov24-d5t

☞ PREPARE FOR WET WEATHER. By going to HENRY BANKS', No. 6 Peachtree street, and buying a pair of his No. 1 Water-proof Boots, just received. nov22-3t

☞ R. F. MADDOX, TOBACCO COMMISSION merchant, No. 18, Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia, keeps constantly on hand all grades of chewing and smoking tobacco, cigars, liquors, &c. nov20-dtf.

☞ THE PIANO.—MRS. M. W. VILLIPIUGE on her return to the city—1st of December—will, in addition to her duties at the Classical College take a private class. Those desiring to take lessons in Music will please leave their names with Dr. H. Sells, at his residence.

nov. 8-til dec 1.

☞ LADIES IN WANT OF A FASHIONABLE HAT or Bonnet, at a reasonable price, call at Mrs. J. FRANK'S. All kinds of Ladies' Goods always on hand.

no\ 6d3m Decatur street, Opposite City Park.

☞ WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS and BOTTLED WINES and LIQUORS.—A large supply of these justly celebrated goods, put up expressly for Medicinal and Private Use, just received, and trade supplied at small advance on Proprietor's Prices by REDWINE & FOX, Agents for Atlanta.

nov5 dlm

Wanted—Agents.

$75 TO $200 EVERYWHERE, MALE AND Female, to introduce throughout the Southern States the Genuine Improved Common-Sense Family Sewing Machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $20. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, and more elastic seam than ours. It makes the Elastic Lock-Stitch. Every second stitch can be cut and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address S. M. TOLIVER & CO, Franklin, Ky., West Point, Ga.

CAUTION: Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical machine manufactured.

nov1 dlm&w3m

DeKalb Mortgage Sheriff's Postponed Sale.

WILL be sold, before the Court House door at Decatur, in DeKalb county, Georgia,

ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY next, (1869), within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One Steam Saw Mill and Fixtures, now on the land of James Millican, two miles from Stone Mountain, in DeKalb county, Georgia, to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from the Fulton Superior Court, April term, 1868. Lavendon & Bro., for the use of J. W. Duncan vs. Holmes Sells.

This the 31st day of October, 1868.

JAMES E. SMITH, Sheriff.

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, NOVEMBER 20, 1868.

THOMAS H. AUSTIN has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, M., on the 30th day of November, 1868, at my office.

JAMES L. WILSON, Ordinary.

nov21-dtwlt Printer's fee $3

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, NOVEMBER 13, 1868.

JACKSON G. BROWN has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 23d day of November, 1868, at my office.

JAMES L. WILSON, Ordinary.

nov18-w3t Printer's fee $3

Commercial and Financial.

Atlanta Market Report.

ATLANTA, NOV. 25, 1868.

COTTON—The market opened at 21, rose to 21¼ and closed firm at the latter figure on the streets; receipts about 70 bales.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—	
Clear Sides	@20
Clear Ribbed Sides	none
Plain Hams	@19
Canvased Hams	18@21
Shoulders	@15
BEESWAX—	
Common	35
Choice Yellow	38@40
BROOMS—	
Per dozen	3.50 @ 5.00
CANDLES—	
Sperm	40 @ 45
Adamantine	20 @ 22
Tallow	12 @ 15
CORN MEAL—	
Country per bushel	1.15@ 1.20
COTTON CARDS—	
Per dozen	8.00 @ 8.50
COTTON GOODS—	
Threads	1.90 @ 2.00
Osnaburgs	18 @ 21
4 4 Sheetings	17
¾ Shirtings	13
⅞ Shirtings	11
Drills	17½
Stripes	20
CHESTNUTS	4.00 @ 4.50
DRIED FRUIT—	
Rough	6 @ 7
Peeled	15 @ 18
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano	@90.00
Reid's Phosphate	@50.00
Patapsco Guano	@75.00
Pure Flour Bawbone	75.00
FLOUR—	
Superfine, per sack of 196 lbs	4.75 @ 5.00
Extra do do	5.25 @ 5.50
Extra Family do do	5.75 @ 6.00
Fancy do do	6.50 @ 7.00
GRAIN—	
Corn, White, old, per bushel	1.10 @ 1.18
Corn, new	85 @ 90
Mixed or Yellow	@ 1.10
Barley	2.50 @ 2.75
Rye	1.50
Oats	@ 80
Wheat	2.00 @ 2.50
GUN POWDER—	
Sporting in kegs of 25 lbs	@ 8.75
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25 @ 6.75
HAY—	
Clover per 100 lbs	@ 1.50
Timothy	@ 1.95
IRON—	
City Mills Bar	5½
Pittsburg bar	6
Sheet Iron	10 @ 13
Nail Rod	10 @ 14
LARD—	
In Barrels	18 @ 19
In Kegs and Cans	20 @ 21
LEATHER—	
White oak sole, per lb	@ 40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	26 @ 30
French calf skins per dozen	40 00 @75.00
American calf skins per dozen	36 00 @40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40 00 @45.00
Harness leather per lb	40 @ 50
LIME—	
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel	@ 2.50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel	@ 3.00
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 per barrel	@28 00
No. 2 per barrel	@30 00
No. 3 per barrel	@17.00
No. 1 in half barrels	@ 8.00
No. 2 in half barrels	@11.00
No. 3 in half barrels	@ 9.50
No. 1 in kitts	@ 4.00
No. 2 in kitts	@ 2.50
No. 3 in kitts	@ 3.25
MOLASSES—	
Cuba per gallon	48 @ 50
New Orleans	85 @ 87
Syrup per gallon	90 @ 1.45
NAILS—	
4s to 60s	6.00 @ 6.25
3s common	@ 7.00
3s fine	@ 8 00
POTATOES—	
Sweet—per bu	85 @1.00
Irish—Northern	@6 25
Tennessee	@5 25
RICE—	
Rogoon	
Carolina	13½@ 14
SACKS—	
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½@ 17
2 Bushel Wheat sacks	19 @ 25
SALT—	
Virginia	@ 2.50
Liverpool	2 50 @ 2 60
SOAP—	
Bar	8 @ 15
STARCH—	
Per lb	10 @ 12
SUGAR—	
Crushed and Granulated per lb	19½@ 20
Clarified per lb	16 @ 17½
New Orleans	14 @ 16
Demerara	16½@ 17
TOBACCO—	
Low Grades	50 @ 60
Medium	70 @ 75
Good medium	80 @ 90
Fine	90 @ 1.00
Choice	1.10 @ 1.55

Financial.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.—Buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GOLD.—Buying at 35 cents; selling at 38 cents.

SILVER.—Buying at 30 cents; selling at 35 cents.

GOLD BULLION.—Buying at $1.35 per pennyweight.

GOLD DUST.—Buying at $1.15@1.20 per pennyweight.

Uncurrent Moneys and Securities.

GEORGIA BANK NOTES.

Ga. R. R. & B. Co.	a98	Merch'ts & Plant.	7a.
C. R. R. & B. Co.	98a.	Farmers & Mechan	98a.
Marine Bank Ga.	98a.	Bank of Commerce	75a.
Bank Middle Ga.	95a.	Bank of Columbus	58a.
Bank of Athens	a50	Manufact. Macon	15a.
Bank of Fulton	a60	Union Bank	5a.
Bank of Savannah	a55	Mechanics'	18a.
Bank of Augusta	a75	Planters' Bank	a19
City B'k Augusta	a40	Augusta Sav. B'nk	16a.
Bank State Ga.	a33	Northwestern R'k	1a.
Bank Empire State	a18	Timber Cutters B'k	1a.

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES

Bank of So. Ca.	a85	B'k State S. C. old	a15
Union Bank	a80	Bk State S. C. new	1a.
Peoples' Bank	a50	Exchange Bank	a7
Bank of Newberry	a27	So. W. R. R., old	a28
Bank Charleston	a78	So. W. R. R., new	a35
Planter's & Mech.	a15	State Bank	a12
B'k of Hamburg	a12	Merchants Bank	a7
Bank of Camden	a24	City Chas'n notes	90a
Bank of Chester	a 8	Planters', Fairfield	a4
B'k of Georgetown	a10	Car. Treas. Notes	75

ALABAMA BANK NOTES.

Bank of Mobile	85	Bank of Montgomery	55
Bank of Selma	20	Eastern Bank	90
Central Bank	2	Northern Bank	25
Commercial Bank	5	Southern Bank	95

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds		40@	42
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds		70@	75
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage		82@	87
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Income		60@	65
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Stock		18@	20
Macon & Western Railroad Stock		100@	110
Macon & Augusta, endorsed		85@	90
Macon & Augusta, not endorsed		70@	75
Macon & Augusta Stock		35@	38
Muscogee Railroad Bonds		75@	7
Muscogee Railroad Stock		70@	7
Columbia, S. C. Bonds		50@	5
Georgia 6 per cent		7@	8
Georgia 7 per cent		90@	9
Georgia Coupons		8@	9
North Carolina 6 per cent		65@	6
North Carolina Coupons		6@	6
Tennessee 6 per cent		6@	6
Tennessee Coupons		6@	7
South Carolina Bonds, old		40@	45
South Carolina Bonds, new		35@	40
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent		68@	70
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent		73@	75
Memphis & Charleston Railroad Bonds		85@	89
Georgia Railroad Bonds		100@	104
Georgia Railroad Stock		90@	95
Central Railroad Bonds		100@	104
Central Railroad Stock		125@	130
South Western Railroad Bonds		100@	102
South western Railroad Stock		92@	95
Atlanta & LaGrange Railroad Stock		95@	100
Augusta Bonds		74@	76
Atlanta Bonds, 8 per cent		83@	85
Macon Bonds		75@	77
Columbus Bonds		70@	75
Savannah Bonds		80@	82
Fulton County Bonds		80@	85
City Checks, Atlanta		92@	95
County Checks, Fulton		84@	90
United States 6 20 Bonds		105@	106
United States 7 30 Bonds		99@	100
United States 10 40 Bonds		103@	104
Atlanta National Bank Stock		101@	110
Revenue Stamps		99	100
Land Warrants		70@	80

LUMBER ! LUMBER !

—AT—

MURPHY, RICE & CO.'S

LUMBER YARD,

Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia.

ON HAND:

500.000 FEET OF LUMBER of every kind.

FLOORING, INCH PLANK and Framing Lumber.

DRY LUMBER of all kinds, from SOUTH-WESTERN GEORGIA LONGLEAF PINE.

Also, the very best quality of SOUTH WESTERN LONGLEAF PINE FLOORING on the yard TONGUED AND GROOVED and ready to deliver at $35 PER THOUSAND.

Also the best quality of WEATHER BOARDING always on hand, and any other kind of LUMBER sold in this mark't.

TERMS CASH.

oct21-d MURPHY, RICE & CO.

DeKalb Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold, before the Court House door at the town of Decatur,

ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN DECEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, Two Acres of Land, lying adjoining the corporate limits of the town of Decatur, and known as the Woodall Tavern Lot, and in which are eighteen yards. Said lot levied on as the property of H. G. H. Miller, under a fi. fa. in favor of Robert H. Brown, for the purchase money of said lot.

November 3, 1868. W. J. THRASHER, Deputy Sheriff.

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE!"

IN FULL STOCK.

1,000 boxes French Window Glass.
20,000 pounds White Lead and Zinc.
Shoe, Whitewash, Marking, Stencil, Artists, Scrubbing, Tanners', Horse, Dusting Pope's Eye, Pope's Head and Printers' Lye Brushes in endless variety.
1,000 gallons Pure Linseed Oil.
500 dozen Paint Brushes and Sash Tools,
50 barrels Pure Non-explosive Coal Oil,
Pure Lard, Tanners', Sperm and Machine Oils, in large supply.

ALL THE POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES.

50 dozen assorted Trusses, best paterns, Surgical Instruments, Saddle-bags, Physicians' Cases, &c.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,

EDINGBURG ALE, LONDON PORTER.

Three barre's of Extra Strained Honey. Every variety of Pure Drugs and Medicines, Foreign and American, Fancy Goods, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, &c. Being "A FIXTURE," we are determined not to be UNDERSOLD.

REDWINE & FOX,

nov8-d Corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

THROW AWAY YOUR OLD SHOES AND BUY A NEW PAIR CHEAP!

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

SIGN OF THE BIG IRON BOOT,

WHITEHALL STREET,

Boots, Shoes and Trunks!

A COMPLETE STOCK AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!

GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

OF BEST MAKES.

LADIES' SHOES, OF ALL KINDS.

Boys' Misses' and Childrens',

OF EVERY GRADE AND MAKE.

We are prepared to offer superior inducements to Wholesale Trade. Give us a call.

nov1 dly

EXCITING, PROMPT AND SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION

IN THE

Boot and Shoe Business!

—BY—

M. O. MARKHAM,

Successor to HENRY BANKS, at the well known stand

EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Mr. BANKS (except such goods as did not come up to the highest standard for excellence) consisting of BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c., to which there is being added an immense supply of NEW MATERIAL, in quality the best and quantity without limit, fresh from the most celebrated manufactories in the land, I am fully prepared to offer superior inducements to buyers everywhere, as well as to the trade.

I call urgently upon everybody to come and examine my splendid stock. If it is possible to please, I can do it.

oct26-d3m M. O. MARKHAM.

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

JOHN M. GANNON,

(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full stock of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies' Under Vests, Gloves, Hoops and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Diaper, Crash, Brood Cloths, Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky and North Carolina Jeans, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Denims, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success and gives general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, so that there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words—a child can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

oct4-d3m JOHN M. GANNON.

J. S. WILLSON,

Wholesale Dealer in

PAINTS, OILS,

—AND—

DYE STUFFS,

PURE

Drugs and Medicines,

PERFUMERY,

—AND—

TOILET ARTICLES.

PRESCRIPTIONS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

Give me a call and I will make it to your interest to trade with me.

J. S. WILLSON.

Druggist.

Under National Hotel,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

oct24-d3m

A PAIR

—OF—

BOOTS

—FOR—

EVERY MAN IN TOWN,

—AT—

I. T. BANKS'

SHOE & LEATHER STORE,

RAWSON'S BUILDING,

Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.

oct13—

OLIVER & WADDAIL,

Commission Merchants,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets,

Atlanta.....Georgia,

Agents for Marietta Paper Mills,

Keep constantly on hand Printing and Wrapping Paper of different sizes. oct14-dtf

Atlanta Merchants!

ABOUT the 15th inst. the "GRIFFIN HERALD" will appear in an entirely new dress, and 1,000 extra copies will be issued for gratuitous distribution. A splendid time to begin your advertisements.

Rates exceedingly moderate.

Address— ELAM CHRISTIAN,

nov5 Griffin, Ga.

120 BAGS COFFEE!

MEDIUM, Prime and Choice grades (bought before the advance) in sold just received.

Also, a large stock of other GROCERIES, and for sale by A. K. SEAGO.

nov18-4t.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN,

PROPRIETORS.

Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.

Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,

E. B. SASSEEN,
B. W. YORK, *ATLANTA, GA.*
R. T. JOURDAN,
J. W. F. BETSON, R. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.

june16-dtf

SAMUEL MEYER,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.

Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.

sept6dtm

"A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY!"

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid!

The Country is Waking up to its Merits!

What About It!

It will purify the most offensive atmosphere.
It will cleanse and cure Erysipelas, all sorts of sores, ulcers, boils, cuts, wounds, etc.
It will prevent gangrene.
It will cure burns, scalds, and bruises.
It is a perfect pain-killer.
It will destroy and neutralize all animal and vegetable poisons.
It will, therefore, cure stings or bites of insects.
It will cleanse and purify the breath, and hence is an excellent tooth-wash and healthful cosmetic.
It will cure diarrhœa, even the worst chronic case.
It will instantly cure horses of the colic or persons of heartburn.
It will, owing to the bleaching properties of Chlorine, remove all fat spots, mildew, vegetable stains, &c.
It will cure Catarrh.
It will remove rancidity out of butter and lard.
It will, properly used, be more efficacious than any other agent in preventing the spread of contagious diseases, and has frequently done it.
It will, used in bathing, keep the skin healthy, soft and white.
We pledge whatever reputation we may have as honest, truthful gentlemen for the performance of all here claimed for the article and more too.
It is used everywhere by the medical profession as fast as it is introduced, and we respectfully refer to all prominent men of the profession, from every many of whom we have the highest testimonials of praise for the Fluid.
As a convenient article for constant family use it has no superior.
It has a beautiful color, and when the color is gone the virtues of the Fluid are lost. Hence be careful not to get the cork in the bottle of any animal or vegetable substance, and always keep the bottle stopped. After the Fluid has acted the result is perfectly inert and harmless.
It is taken internally as well as applied externally.
It is cheap, selling only at 50 cents per bottle of half pint.

Everybody Uses it and Praises It!

True Merit is the Foundation of its Success!!

Read Some of the Testimony!

Letter from Hon. Alex. A. Stephens, of Ga.]

CRAWFORDSVILLE, GA., 20th Sept. 1868.

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is an article of little cost, but great value. Its domestic as well as medicinal uses are numerous, while its specialties are most wonderful. I have not been without it for ten years, and no head of a family who can afford to have it should be without it.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

Letter from Hon. A. J. Walker, Montgomery, Ala., Ex-Chief Justice Supreme Court of Ala.]

I have for many years used Darby's Prophylactic Fluid, and have found it exceedingly valuable. I recommend it to the public confidence as highly useful for the various purposes to which it is applied.

A. J. WALKER.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 1868.

Letter from Rev. Jefferson Hamilton, D. D., Mobile, Ala., Minister M. E. Church, South.]

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 23, 1868.

I was fifteen years Professor of Chemistry, &c., in the Univ. of Alabama, and eight years in the Univ. of Ga., and I am convinced that Prof. Darby's Prophylactic Fluid possesses all the merit he claims for it. It is very generally known and appreciated in all the Southern States, and is sold by nearly all Southern druggists.

R. T. BRUMBY.

MARIETTA, Ga., Oct. 1868.

From Rev. John Matthews, Pastor M. E. South, at Montgomery, Ala.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 20, 1868.

Darbys' Prophylactic Fluid is the only medicine kept in my family. We use it for almost everything—burns, bruises, stings, earache, sour stomach, &c., &c. My children, when hurt or bruised, always call at once for Darby's Fluid. We cannot get along well without it.

JOHN MATHEWS.

From W. O Tuggle, Esq., Attorney at Law, La Grange, Ga.]

LAGRANGE, GA., Oct., 21, 1868.

I take pleasure in stating that I have found "Darby's Prophylactic Fluid to be an excellent remedy for cutaneous eruptions, chapped skin and bruises. It is a priceless jewel as a disinfectant, and my wife states, for the benefit of young mothers, that "Darby's Fluid" is a valuable adjunct to the nursery.

W. O. TUGGLE.

From J. H. Heustis, M. D., Mobile, Ala., Prof. Mobile Medical College.]

MOBILE, ALA., Oct. 19, 1868.

I have used your Chlorinated Fluid in Hospital and private practice for ten years, and know of nothing better for sloughing, contused and lacerated wounds, foul and indolent ulcers, and as a disinfectant. J. F. HEUSTIS, M. D.

These are but a few of the most recent testimonials received in behalf of the preparation.

It is as useful in winter as in summer, for its disinfecting quality is the least of its really valuable uses.

It is neatly put up in half pint bottles, and sells at 50 cents per bottle.

All Druggists keep it.

Orders filled by the proprietors.

JOHN DARBY & CO.,

nov18d&w1y 169 William St., New York.

UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Office No. 69, Liberty Street.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.

The Business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First-Class Healthy Lives.

Statement, July 13, 1868.

ASSETS:

United States Stocks (market value)	$100 250 00
Bonds and Mortgages (City of New York,	97,000 00
Brooklyn City Bonds (market value)	25,187 50
Virginia State Bonds (market value	14,700 00
Cash Deposited in New York Guaranty and Indemnity Co. (at interest)	45,000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	10 182 09
Balance due by Agents (secured)	25,478 22
Office Furniture	3,295 21

A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY!

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid!

The Country is Waking up to its Merits!

What About It?

It will purify the most offensive atmosphere.
It will cleanse and cure Erysipelas, all sorts of sores, ulcers, boils, cuts, wounds, etc.
It will prevent gangrene.
It will cure burns, scalds, and bruises.
It is a perfect pain-killer.
It will destroy and neutralize all animal and vegetable poisons.
It will, therefore, cure stings or bites of insects.
It will cleanse and purify the breath, and hence is an excellent tooth-wash and healthful cosmetic.
It will cure diarrhœa, even the worst chronic case.
It will instantly cure horses of the colic or persons of heartburn.
It will, owing to the bleaching properties of Chlorine, remove all ink spots, mildew, vegetable stains, &c.
It will cure Catarrh.
It will remove rancidity out of butter and lard.
It will, properly used, be more efficacious than any other agent in preventing the spread of contagious diseases, and has frequently done it.
It will, used in bathing, keep the skin healthy, soft and white.

We pledge whatever reputation we may have as honest, truthful gentlemen for the performance of all here claimed for the article and more too.

It is used everywhere by the medical profession as fast as it is introduced, and we respectfully refer to all prominent men of the profession, from every many of whom we have the highest testimonials of praise for the Fluid.

As a convenient article for constant family use it has no superior.

It has a beautiful color, and when the color is gone the virtues of the Fluid are lost. Hence be careful not to get the cork in the bottle of any animal or vegetable substance, and always keep the bottle stopped. After the Fluid has acted the residium is perfectly inert and harmless.

It is taken internally as well as applied externally.

It is cheap, selling only at 50 cents per bottle of half pint.

Everybody Uses it and Praises It! True Merit is the Foundation of its Success!!

Read Some of the Testimony!

Letter from Hon. Alex. A. Stephens, of Ga.]
CRAWFORDSVILLE, GA., 29th Sept, 1868.

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is an article of little cost, but great value. Its domestic as well as medicinal uses are numerous, while its specialties are most wonderful. I have not been without it for ten years, and no head of a family who can afford to have it should be without it.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

Letter from Hon. A. J. Walker, Montgomery, Ala., Ex-Chief Justice Supreme Court of Ala.]

I have for many years used Darby's Prophylatic Fluid, and have found it exceedingly valuable.—I recommend it to the public confidence as a highly useful for the various purposes to which it is applied.

A. J. WALKER.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 1868.

Letter from Rev. Jefferson Hamilton, D D., Mobile, Ala., Minister M. E. Church, South.]

My family have used Darby's Prophylactic Fluid for several years for various purposes, and esteem it very highly. Indeed, I know of no article within the whole range of Chemical preparations so *generally* and *highly* recommended by acquaintances as this.

J. HAMILTON.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept, 23, 1868.

Letter from Prof. R. T. Brumby, Marietta, Ga.]

I was fifteen years Professor of Chemistry, &c., in the Univ. of Alabama, and eight years in the Univ. of S. C., and I am convinced that Prof. Darby's Prophylactic Fluid possesses all the merits he claims for it. It is very generally known and appreciated in all the Southern States, and is sold by nearly all Southern druggists.

R. T. BRUMBY.

MARIETTA, Ga., Oct. 1868.

From Rev. John Matthews, Pastor M. E. South, at Montgomery, Ala.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 20, 1868.

Darbys' Prophylactic Fluid is the only medicine kept in my family. We use it for almost everything—burns, bruises, stings, earache, sour stomach, &c., &c. My children, when hurt or brushed, always call at once for Darby's Fluid. We cannot get along well without it.

JOHN MATHEWS.

From W. O Tuggle, Esq., Attorney at Law, La Grange, Ga.]

LAGRANGE, GA., Oct., 21, 1868.

I take pleasure in stating that I have found "Darby's Prophylactic Fluid" to be an excellent remedy for cutaneous eruptions, chapped skin and bruises. It is a priceless jewel as a disinfectant, and my wife states, for the benefit of young mothers, that "Darby's Fluid" is a valuable adjunct to the nursery.

W. O. TUGGLE.

From J H. Heustis, M. D., Mobile, Ala., Prof. Mobile Medical College.]

MOBILE, ALA., Oct. 19, 1868.

I have used your Chlorinated Fluid in Hospital and private practice for ten years, and know of nothing better for sloughing, contused and lacerated wounds, foul and indolent ulcers, and as a disinfectant.

J. F. HEUSTIS, M. D.

These are but a few of the most recent testimonials received in behalf of the preparation.

It is as useful in winter as in summer, for its disinfecting quality is the least of its really valuable uses.

It is neatly put up in half pint bottles, and sells at 50 cents per bottle.

All Druggists keep it.

Orders filled by the proprietors,

JOHN DARBY & CO.,
160 William St. New York.

nov13d&w1y

Latest New York News.

THE PEOPLE GREATLY EXCITED

"COSTAR" IN THE FIELD!

LADIES!!

Look Out! Look Out!

A Beautifier 'as is' A Beautifier!

Ladies' Magazine for Sept.]

"HENRY R. COSTAR, of No. 10 Crosby street—is said to be 'out' with a BEAUTIFIER that eclipses anything ever known in this line. The Ladies are wild with delight. One Lady says, 'I know it's right,' and pointed to a skin as fresh, soft and delicate as a child. Another Lady said, 'If it cost $10 00 a bottle, I'd have it;' and another, 'Away with all hurtful cosmetics, and give me only

'COSTAR'S' BITTER-SWEET AND ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

It gives Beauty to the complexion, a Rosy glow to the Cheeks, a Ruby tinge to the Lips, and Happiness complete.'

!! Beware !! of worthless imitations.
All Druggists in ATLANTA sell it.
One bottle, $1 00; three bottles, $2 00;
Or address "COSTAR," No. 10 Crosby st., N. Y.

"COSTAR'S"

Standard Preparations

ARE

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, Etc., Exterminators,

"Costar's" Bed Bug Exterminators.

"Costar's" (only pure) Insect Powder.

"Only Infallible Remedies known."
"18 years established in New York."
"2,000 Boxes and Flasks manufactured daily."
"All Druggists in ATLANTA sell them."
"!! Beware !! of spurious imitations."

$1 00 sizes sent by mail on receipt of price.
$2 00 for any three $1 00 sizes by Express,

Address

HENRY R. COSTAR, 10 Crosby St., N. Y.,

Or JOHN F. HENRY, (Successor to)

DEMAS BARNES & Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y.

Sold by

REDWINE & FOX,
and L. H. BRADFIELD,
ATLANTA, GA.

nov4-dawly

THE CONSTITUTION,

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

DAILY, PER ANNUM	$10 00
" SIX MONTHS	5 00
" ONE MONTH	1 00
WEEKLY, PER ANNUM	$3 00
" SIX MONTHS	1 50
" THREE MONTHS	1 00

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC

and neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and they hope in future, as in the past, to merit the good will and plaudits of their numerous readers.

CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

AT THE

City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,

MEDICINES,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.?

CALL AND

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

I AM NOW RECEIVING

Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.

A Large Lot of Window Glass, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,

AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN

A First Class Drug Store,

SUCH AS

Oils, of Every Description, Putty,

CHEMICALS,

Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles! Brushes, Alcohol, &c.,

From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!

AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AND AT

THE LOWEST PRICES,

MEDICINES WARRANTED

PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Compounded Night and Day!

BY A

Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.

THE SODA FOUNT HAS FROZEN UP,

But the Oils are as Soft as ever.

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!

☞ Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Norcross Corner,

aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL

Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,

Drugs and Patent Medicines,

Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for

PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.
Prophitt's Pain Kill It.
Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Monstrual Obstructions, etc., so common among our people. Earache Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like chaff before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent for
Prophitt's Celebrated Family Medicines,
aug15-d6m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

ST. LOUIS LEAD & OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE

WHITE LEAD!

Linseed, Castor & Cotton Seed Oils,

OFFICE AND FACTORY:

Cor. Cass and Second sts., St. Louis.

For sale by REDWINE & FOX, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.

oct14—d6m

DENISON'S Condition Powders

FOR

HORSES, MULES,

Cattle and Hogs.

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by

D. M. DENISON,
COLUMBUS, GA.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Ga.

oct28-d1y

J. M. DYE & CO.,

WAREHOUSE

AND

Commission Merchants

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

CONTINUE the business, in all of its branches at their OLD STAND, 148 REYNOLDS ST. Prompt personal attention given to the STORAGE and SALE of COTTON and other Produce, and to the purchase of BAGGING, ROPE and FAMILY SUPPLIES.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made when required.

Commissions for selling Cotton, 1 1-4 per cent.

Consignments solicited. sept16

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE

Via Atlanta & Augusta.

Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.

The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.

Ample time given for Meals at regular Ho rs.

Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD,

Passengers can purchase

THROUGH TICKETS

and have their

Baggage Checked Through

From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes

Via Augusta, Ga.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern

Passenger and Mail Route

Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philapelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,

Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

☞ Passengers wishing to go North by Sea, will find a

Splendid Line of Steam Ships

from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS

Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplid with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

☞ Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to NewYork via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
Augusta, Ga., Sep. 23, 1868. sep23-d1f

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead

Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable

IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate, cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

☞ All letters should be addressed

Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,
Post Office Box No. 86
sep25-d3m San Francisco, Cal.

TO THE TRADE.

WE invite the attention of the trade to our magnificent stock of Tobacco, consiting in part of the following celebrated brands:

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Davis & Son's Gold Leaf,
Davis & Son's Rattlesnake,
Davis & Son's Three Belles,
Magnolia of the South,
Three Kings,
Brown's Best,
B. E. Lee,
T. J. Jackson,
H. P. Moore,
Mountain Rose,
Rose Bell, Gold Bar,
Rose Bell, Twist,
McGee's Best,
Marita,
Bagley,
Magnet,
Tycoon and many other popular brands. } Extra Fine.

SMOKING TOBACCO.

Pride of Virginia, Hiawatha, Here's Tor Mule, Praise and Flowers, and a variety of other superior brands.

JORDAN, HOWARD & HARALSON,
oct8-d3m Whitehall street.

Up Country Farm For Sale

CONTAINING 675 ACRES, in Barlow County, 8 miles from Cartersville, 6 from Cassville. Good land. Well watered. 400 Acres cleared, balance well timbered. Good Dwelling H... House and Screw, good society, C... use, Gin

PRICE $10 ...

Will sell Cotton ... ACRE.

growing C... and Stock if wanted. Look at ... and satisfy yourself before you buy

... CASH. McNAUGHT, CRAWFORD & Co.
Atlanta Ga., Sept. 9th, 1868. ...

Come in out of the Jaws of Death.

HESITATION and delay are nothing but another form of suicide when you have a remedy at your hand to remove pain instantly.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS

are the true grains and essence of health, and the latest gift that Science has given to the world.

FROM MEXICO TO ALASKA

The People know them!
The People use them!
The People praise them!

These pills grapple with disease at its fountain-head, and root it out of the patient's system, at once. They fortify the body against Disease in all forms of sudden attack and epidemics, and enable all to brave the miasmatic danger of swamps and forests. One of Dr. Maggiel's Pills relieves the entire system of pains and aches, enlivens the spirits and sends new blood

Bounding Through the Veins.

Call for these inestimable medicines at your nearest Druggist's, and if he is out of them send to the proprietor's office for them. They are mailed safely all over the globe.

ONE MINUTE TO SAVE YOUR LIFE!

Take Disease in time and you will suffer less and be saved many days of useless misery.

What one hundred letters a day say from patients all over the habitable globe:—

Dr. Maggiel, your pill has rid me of all biliousness.

No more noxious doses for me in five or ten pills taken at one time. One of your pills cured me.

Thanks, Doctor. My headache has left me. Send me another box to keep in the house.

After suffering torture from bilious colic, two of your pills cured me, and I have no return of the malady.

Our doctors treated me for Chronic Constipation as they called it, and at last said I was incurable. Your Maggiel's Pills cured me.

I had no appetite; Maggiel's Pills gave me a hearty one.

Your pills are marvelous.

I send for another box, and keep them in the house.

Dr. Maggiel has cured my headache that was chronic.

I gave half of one of your pills to my babe for cholera morbus. The dear young thing got well in a day.

My nauseau of a morning is now cured.

Your box of Maggiel's Salve cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some Salve behind my ears and the noises left.

Send me two boxes; I want one for a poor family.

I enclose a dollar; your price is twenty-five cents, but the medicine to me is worth a dollar.

Send me five boxes of your pills.

Let me have three boxes of your Salve and Pills by return mail.

Doctor, my burn has healed by your Salve.

For all Diseases of the Kidneys, Retention of Urine, &c., &c.,

Maggiel's Pills are a perfect cure. One Pill will satisfy any one.

FOR FEMALE DISEASES,

Nervous Prostration, Weakness, General Lassitude and Want of Appetite,

Maggiel's Pills will be found an Effectual Remedy

MAGGIEL'S PILLS & SALVE

Are almost universal in their effects, and a cure can be almost always guaranteed.

Each Box Contains Twelve Doses;

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

"COUNTERFEITS! Buy no MAGGIEL'S PILLS OR SALVE with a little pamphlet inside the box: they are bogus. The genuine have the name of J. HAYDOCK on box with name of J. MAGGIEL, M. D. The genuine have the Pill surrounded with white powder."

All Orders for the United States Must be Addressed to

J. HAYDOCK, New York, U.S.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS OR SALVE ARE

nov18 25 Cents per Box. dly

MACGREGOR LINE!

DIRECT

Steam Communication

WITH EUROPE!

THE

Georgia and Liverpool LINE!

OF

First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships,

COMPOSED OF THE

SARASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
SATILLA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HUNTER.
DON,	Captain MASON.

☞ Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States, Great Britain and the Continent.

☞ Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.

☞ Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipment given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.

Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, **1st and 15th of Each Month,** commencing as follows:

WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity,, 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity, - - 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity, - - 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity, - - 1st January.

☞ Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt whenever inducement offers.

☞ Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to

WM. M. TUNO & CO.

In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR.

sept6 d3m

THE GEORGIA SALOON

—AND—

RESTAURANT.

UNDER THE POST OFFICE,

Corner Broad and Alabama Streets,

OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND ACCOMMODATION GUARANTEED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Wines, Ales, Cigars, etc., etc., will be kept at the BAR, and the EATING SALOON will, at all times, be furnished with the best this or any other markets affords.

sept25-d3m E. C. REID, Proprietor.

LIVE AND HAVE COMFORT.

The Best Coal in this Market from Messers. M. C. Wilcox & Co.'s Mines, Coal Creek, East Tenn.

I AM prepared to furnish this superior COAL to the citizens of Atlanta, or to any city on the railroads in this State, or Alabama, at greatly reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load, 20c. per bush, of 80lbs.
Less quantity than do 25c. do do
Fine coal per car load 20c. do do
Less quantity than do 25c. do do
Coke per car load, 20 cents do 80lbs
Coke, less than car load 25c. do do

Orders respectfully solicited, and contracts for shipment from the mines direct. This Coal is cheaper than wood in this market, and it will burn in the chimney without a grate. Coal Yard, Thompson's Hotel lot.

EDWARD PARSONS.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 18m

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS.

Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

sept5-d1y

Chicago Ale Depot.

R. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also dealer in

BRANDIES, WINES, WHISKIES and SEGARS,

Granite Range, No. 14, Alabama street, next door to the United States Hotel.

sept1-d1y

GOVERNMENT OF GEORGIA.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.
D. G. Cotting, Secretary of State.
Madison Bell, Comptroller General.
B. B. DeGraffenreid, Governor's Secretary.

SUPREME COURT.

Joseph E. Brown, Chief Justice.
H. K. McKay, Hiram Warner, } Associate Justices.
Henry P. Farrow, Attorney General.
N. J. Hammond, Reporter.

SENATE.

Benjamin Conley, Pres't; A. E. Marshall, Sec'y.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

R. H. McWhorter, Speaker; Mark Harden, Clerk.

COURT CALENDAR.

The Superior Courts of this State shall be held in each County in the respective Judicial Circuits, twice each year, as follows:

BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.

NOEL B. KNIGHT, Judge.....Marietta, Ga.

Cherokee: First Monday in March and first Monday in August.
Cobb: Third Monday in March and first Monday in October.
Milton: Fourth Monday in March and third Monday in August.
Forsyth: First Monday in April and fourth Monday in August.
Lumpkin: second Monday in April and first Monday in September.
Dawson: Third Monday in April and third Monday in September.
Pickens: Fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in September.
Gilmer: Second Monday in May and second Monday in October.
Fannin: Third Monday in May and third Monday in October.
Union: Fourth Monday in May and third Monday in October.
Towns: Thursday after fourth Monday in October; but should the business of the Union Court require it, Towns may, by order of the presiding Judge, be adjourned to Monday thereafter.

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.

W. M. SESSIONS, Judge.....Blackshear, Ga

Appling: First Monday in March and first Monday in September.
Camden: Friday after the fourth Monday in April and October.
Charlton: Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October.
Clinch: Fourth Monday in March and Fourth Monday in September.
Coffee: Second Monday after fourth Monday in March and September.
Echols: Monday after fourth Monday in March and September.
Glynn: Third Monday in April and third Monday in October.
Pierce: Thursday before the first Monday in March and September.
Ware: Third Monday in March and third Monday in September.
Wayne: Fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in October.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

E. H. WORRELL, Judge.....Talbotton, Ga.

Chattahoochee: Fourth Monday in March and fourth Monday in September.
Harris: Second Monday in April and October.
Marion: First Monday in March and September.
Muscogee: Second Monday in May and November.
Schley: Third Monday in April and October.
Talbot: Third Monday in March and September.
Taylor: First Monday in April and October.

CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.

JOSIAH R. PARROTT, Judge, Cartersville, Ga.

Bartow: Third Monday in March and September.
Catoosa: Second Monday in February and Aug.
Chattooga: First Monday in March and Sept.
Dade: Second Monday in May and November.
Gordon: First Monday in April and Oct.
Murray: Third Monday in April and October.
Walker: Monday before the first Monday in March and September.
Whitfield: Fourth Monday in April and October.

COWETA CIRCUIT.

J. D. POPE, Judge.....Atlanta, Ga.

(After the first of January, 1869)

Clayton: Second Monday in March and Sept.
DeKalb: First Monday in March and Sept.
Fayette: Third Monday in April and October.
Fulton: First Monday in May and November.
Meriwether: First Monday in May and October.
Troup: Third Monday in March and Sept.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

WILLIAM SCHLEY, Judge.....Savannah, Ga.

Bryan: Fourth Monday in April and 2d Monday after 4th Monday in November.
Bulloch: Friday after 3d Monday in March. " " 4th " October.
Chatham: Second Monday in January and May.
Effingham: Monday after 4th Monday in March and 3d Monday after 4th Monday in October.
Liberty: Third Monday in April and Monday after 4th Monday in November.
McIntosh: Thursday after 2d Monday in April and Thursday after 4th Monday in Nov.
Montgomery: Thursday after the 3d Monday in March and Thursday after 3d Monday in Oct.
Tattnall: Third Monday in March and 4th in Oct.

FLINT CIRCUIT.

JAMES W. GREENE, Judge.....Thomaston, Ga.

Butts: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Henry: Third Monday in April and October.
Monroe: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Newton: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Pike: First Monday in April and October.
Spalding: First Monday in February and Aug.
Upson: First Monday in May and November.

MACON CIRCUIT.

CARLETON B. COLE, Judge.....Macon, Ga.

Bibb: Third Monday in May and November.
Crawford: First Monday in March and Sept.
Dooly: First Monday in April and October.
Houston: Third Monday in February and Aug.
Twiggs: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

WILLIAM GIBSON, Judge.....Augusta, Ga.

Burke: Third Monday in May and November.
Columbia: First Monday in March and Sept.
Emanuel: Wednesday after 4th Mondays in March and September.
Jefferson: Second Monday in May and Nov.
Johnson: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.
Richmond: Second Monday in January and June.
Scriven: First Monday in May and November.
Washington: Second Monday in March and Sept.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

GARNETT ANDREWS, Judge, Washington, Ga.

Elbert: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Glasscock: Third Monday in February and Aug.
Hancock: Second Monday in April and Oct.
Hart: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Lincoln: Fourth Monday in April and October.
Madison: First Monday in March and Sept.
Oglethorpe: Third Monday in April and Oct.
Taliaferro: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Warren: First Monday in April and Oct.
Wilkes: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

P. B. ROBINSON, Judge.....Greensboro, Ga

Baldwin: Fourth Monday in February and Aug.
Greene: Second Monday in March and Sept.
Jasper: Fourth Monday in April and October.
Jones: Third Monday in April and October.
Morgan: First Monday in March and Sept.
Putnam: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.
Wilkinson: First Monday in April and Oct.

PATAULA CIRCUIT.

DAVID B. HARRELL, Judge.....Preston, Ga.

Clay: Fourth Monday in February and August.
Early: First Monday in April and October.
Miller: Second Monday in April and October.
Quitman: Third Monday in May and Nov.
Randolph: First Monday in May and Nov.
Stewart: Third Monday in April and October.
Terrell: Fourth Monday in May and November.
Webster: Second Monday in March and Sept.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. R. ALEXANDER, Judge.....Thomasville, Ga

Berrien: Monday after Irwin Court.
Brooks: Monday after Lowndes Court.
Colquitt—Wednesday after third Monday in May and November.
Irwin: On Thursday after Telfair Court.
Laurnes: Second Monday in April and Oct.
Lowndes: Mondays after Colquitt Court.
Pulaski: Third Monday in April and October.
Telfair: Friday after 4th Monday in April and October.
Thomas: Monday after Brooks Court.
Wilcox: Fourth Monday in April and Oct.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCUIT.

JAMES M. CLARKE, Judge.....Americus, Ga.

Baker: Third Monday in May and November.
Calhoun: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Dougherty: First Monday in June and Dec.
Lee: Fourth Monday in March and Sept.
Mitchell: Second Monday in May and Nov.
Sumter: Second Monday in April and October.
Worth: Third Monday in April and Oct.

TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.

JOHN S. BIGBY, Judge.....Newnan, Ga.

Campbell: Third Monday in February and Aug.
Carroll: First Monday in April and October.
Coweta: First Monday in March and Sept.
Floyd: Second Monday in January and July.
Haralson: Third Monday in April and October.
Heard: Third Monday in March and Sept.
Paulding: First Monday in February and Aug.
Polk: Fourth Monday in January and July.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

CHARLES D. DAVIS, Judge.....Monroe, Ga.

Banks: First Monday in April and October.
Clarke: First Monday in February and third in August.
Franklin: Second Monday in April and Oct.
Gwinnett: First Monday in March and 2d in Sept.
Habersham: Third Monday in April and Oct.
Hall: Third Monday in March and September.
Jackson: Fourth Monday in February and ...
Rabun: First Monday in April and Oct.
Walton: Third Monday in February and ... Aug.
White: Monday after fourth of ... and Aug.

Municipal Government ... and Oct.

JAMES E. WI... nt of Atlanta.

CO... LIAMS, Mayor.

1st Ward—Rich... SCHLMEN.
2d " ... d Peters. M. J. Castleberry.
3d " ... W. Mitchell. E. E. Rawson.
4th " Wm. C. Anderson. Vacancy.
5th " J. E. Guilatt. W. B. Cox.
" J. A. Hayden. E. W. Holland.
R. B. Love, Clerk of Council.
R. M. Farrar, Treasurer.
E. I. Roach, City Physician.
L. J. Glenn, City Attorney.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

L. F. Thomas, Marshal; E. C. Murphy, Deputy.
Jno. L. Johnson, First Lieutenant of Police.
T. C. Murphy, Second " "

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Thomas Haney, Chief.
Atlanta Fire Company No 1, John Mcmullin.
Mechanics' Fire Co. No. 2, J. R. Guilatt, President.
Talialah No. 3, E. A. Center.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

First Ward—J. M. Boring; 2d C. H. Jones; 3d L. F. Grant; 4th Chas. Pindiney; 5th J. F. Hanson.

United States Government.

THE EXECUTIVE.

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee, President.
BENJAMIN F. WADE, of Ohio, Vice-President, *pro tempore.*

THE CABINET.

William H. Seward, of New York, Secretary of State.
Hugh McCullough, of Indiana, Secretary of Treasury.
J. M. Schofield, United States Army, Secretary of War.
Gideon Welles, of Connecticut, Secretary of the Navy.
Orville H. Browning, of Illinois, Secretary of Interior.
W. H. Evarts, of New York, Attorney General.
Alexander W. Randall, of Wisconsin, Postmaster General.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Salmon P. Chase, of Ohio, Chief Justice.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

Nathan Clifford, of Maine. Vacancy. Samuel F. Miller, of Iowa. Samuel Nelson, of New York. David Davis, of Illinois. Stephen J. Field, of California. Robert C. Grier, of Pennsylvania. Noah H. Swayne, of Ohio. Vacancy.

Court meets at Washington, D. C., first Monday in December.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR GEORGIA.

John Erskine, Judge, Atlanta.
H. S. Fitch, District Attorney, Savannah.
James McPherson, Clerk.

Meets at Atlanta on the 2d Monday in March and September, and at Savannah.

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, of Pennsylvania Clerk.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, Speaker.
Edward McPherson, of Pennsylvania, Clerk.

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